

evenly convex, the notum forming a rather distinct angle with the sternite, therefore the side appearing subcarinate. Elytra evenly convex, not depressed at suture. Pygidium rounded, somewhat broader than long. Anal sternite emarginate.

Length  $2\frac{1}{2}$  millim.

*Hab.* PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui (*Champion*).

One female. The only metallic species known to me.

## XXVII. EUGONOPS.

*Eugonops*, Jordan, Nov. Zool. xi. p. 285 (1904) (type: *germaini*).

More elongate than *Ormiscus*. Upper edge of antennal cavity cariniform, extending from apex of rostrum close to eye. Rostrum narrowed at base. Eye much longer than broad. Carina of prothorax very strongly curved, being almost basal in middle.

Two species from South America (Brazil and Bolivia) are described (*l. c.*), a third being now added from Central America. They are very prettily coloured for Anthribidæ, their pattern being somewhat after the style of that of the Cleridæ.

### 1. *Eugonops championi*, sp. n. (Tab. XIII. fig. 20.)

♀. Black, pubescent whitish-grey, marked with black, white, and pale yellow. Rostrum rufescent, nearly twice as broad as long. Frons not quite half the width of the rostrum. Antenna rufous at base, rufescent in middle, club black. Prothorax nearly as long as broad, convex, densely punctate-granulate, on each side with a pale yellow patch at apex and a black spot at base; carina less curved forward dorso-laterally than in the other two species of the genus (Nov. Zool. xi. 1904, p. 285). Elytra subcylindrical, punctate-striate, base black, this black area extending to near middle of lateral margin, bordered with white, also a pale yellow patch behind it on disc, a white line along basal edge curving backwards at scutellum and running along suture close to hinder edge of black area, this basal line laterally stopping above shoulder, behind shoulder another transverse white line, short, apex of elytra pale yellow. Pygidium nearly semicircular. Meso-metasterna black at sides, marked with white. Legs rufous, femora black in middle, tarsi brown, except base.

Length  $2\frac{1}{3}$  millim.

*Hab.* GUATEMALA, Volcan de Atitlan (*Champion*).

One female.

## XXVIII. CYBOSOMA, gen. nov.

♀. Close to *Ormiscus*, Waterh. (1845). Eye subglobular, sinus small. Carina of pronotum distinctly separate from base. Pygidium twice as long as broad; anal ventral segment of abdomen truncate-emarginate. First segment of fore tarsus less than twice as long as apically broad.

Type: *C. grande*, sp. n.

One species.

### 1. *Cybosoma grande*, sp. n. (Tab. XIII. figg. 21, 21 a.)

♀. Brown-black, densely pubescent olive above, marmorated with white, lines of punctures of elytron white; under surface greyish-white, rather faintly spotted with olive-clay at sides. Rostrum one-third broader than long, coarsely punctate-rugate, with ill-defined smooth mesial line. Head rugulose, subreticulate; frons very broad, two-thirds the width of the rostrum, nearly flat. Anterior lobe of eye very much