

Sect. PSEUDAPOTREPIDES.

The single genus placed in this section has a 6-jointed funiculus, but it cannot be included in the "Onycholipides" of Wollaston. *Pseudapotrepus* forms, as it were, a connecting-link with the Acamptina, the prosternum being angularly emarginate at the apex and the rostrum deflexed.

PSEUDAPOTREPUS, gen. nov.

Rostrum stout, short, parallel-sided, deflexed in repose, abruptly separated from the large head, the scrobes obliquely descending to the eyes; antennæ inserted at the middle of the rostrum, the funiculus 6-jointed—1 stout, as long as 2–4 united, 3–6 closely articulated, strongly transverse, and widening outwards,—the club ovate, abrupt, rather large, with the basal joint shining and as long as the rest united; eyes lateral, placed on the convex portion of the head, coarsely faceted, coalescent beneath; prothorax somewhat oval; scutellum small; elytra much wider than the prothorax, gradually narrowing from the base, produced at the apex; prosternum unimpressed down the middle, margined and deeply, angularly excised at the apex; metasternum short; anterior coxæ narrowly, the others widely, separated; legs short; femora and tibiæ stout, the tibiæ strongly unguiculate; tarsi slender, the third joint very little wider than the second, the claws minute, free; body oblong-ovate, coarsely sculptured and setose.

Type, *P. macrophthalmus*.

The type of this genus has somewhat the facies of the N.-American *Apotrepus*, Casey, except that it is very much smaller. The short, 6-jointed funiculus, the inferiorly coalescent, coarsely faceted eyes, which are placed on the convex portion of the head (as in *Micromimus*), and the angularly emarginate apex of the prosternum (allowing a considerable deflexity of the rostrum in repose) are its chief characters. No other Cossonid has been described, so far as I am aware, with the eyes coalescent beneath, though they are subcontiguous in *Tetratemnus*.

1. *Pseudapotrepus macrophthalmus*, sp. n. (Tab. I. figg. 22, 22 a-c.)

Moderately shining, piceous, the antennæ, rostrum, legs, and elytra more or less ferruginous; sparsely clothed with coarse, semierect, blunt, ochreous setæ, those on the elytra arranged in a single row along each interstice. Head and rostrum densely, coarsely punctate, the head shallowly transversely grooved between the eyes, the rostrum slightly curved and about as long as the posterior portion of the prothorax. Prothorax nearly as long as broad, feebly rounded at the sides, gradually narrowing forwards, strongly constricted in front, coarsely, densely punctate. Elytra moderately long, somewhat triangular, with rows of closely placed, coarse, subquadrate punctures, separated by very narrow, slightly raised, sparsely uniseriate-punctate interstices, the outer striæ entire. Beneath closely, coarsely punctate.

Length 2, breadth $\frac{5}{8}$ millim.

Hab. GUATEMALA, near the city (*Champion*).

One specimen.