

finely punctate and with the subapical constriction indistinct, the head less depressed between the eyes, the rostrum cylindrical. Less elongate than *M. batesi*, Woll., from Brazil, the elytral interstices as wide as the striae, the striae narrower and not so deeply impressed, the prothorax less constricted in front, &c.

2. *Micromimus minimus*. (Tab. I. figg. 33, 33 a.)

Phlaeophagus minimus, Boh. in Schönh. Gen. Curc. iv. p. 1053¹.

Hab. MEXICO, Orizaba (*coll. Chevrolat*¹); BRITISH HONDURAS, Rio Sarstoon (*Blanca-neaux*); GUATEMALA, El Tumbador, Panajachel, Guatemala city (*Champion*); NICARAGUA, Managua (*Solari*); PANAMA, Bugaba (*Champion*).

Dr. Sjöstedt informs me that he is unable to find the type of this species at Stockholm, but there can be little doubt of its identification, the dark head, rostrum, and prothorax and the rufescent elytra being characteristic. Our numerous specimens from Guatemala city, &c., are of about the same size (length 2–2½ mm.) as *M. pumilio*, Woll., from Trinidad, from which they differ in their longer rostrum, the more coarsely and more diffusely punctured prothorax, &c. The prothorax is usually longitudinally impressed and coarsely, irregularly biseriate-punctate down the middle. The elytra are deeply crenate-striate, with the interstices of about the same width as the punctures. The male has the rostrum stouter and more closely punctured than in the female, and the first ventral segment shallowly sulcate. An allied unnamed form from Cayamas, Cuba, in the U.S. Nat. Museum, is labelled as having been found on a Ceiba-tree.

3. *Micromimus nigrescens*. (Tab. I. figg. 34, 34 a.)

Micromimus nigrescens, Woll. Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. 1873, p. 623¹.

Hab. MEXICO (*Truqui, in coll. Fry*¹); GUATEMALA, Purula in Vera Paz, Cerro Zunil (*Champion*).

Found in numbers at Cerro Zunil, on the Pacific slope. An elongate piceous or fusco-castaneous form, with the prothorax usually longitudinally impressed, and more or less distinctly biseriate-punctate, down the middle. The male has the rostrum stouter and more closely punctate than the female, and the first ventral segment transversely depressed in the centre behind. The large, strongly transverse, coarsely faceted eyes, placed just behind the rostrum at the sides of the globose portion of the head, distinguish *M. nigrescens* from various somewhat similar forms.

4. *Micromimus dehiscens*, sp. n.

Elongate, subfusiform, narrow, shining, fusco-ferruginous or ferruginous. Head almost smooth, transversely grooved and feebly foveate between the eyes, the latter very large, extending downward, and coarsely faceted; rostrum (♂) short and stout, closely punctate, depressed or shallowly sulcate at the base, (♀) a little narrower and smoother, subcylindrical. Prothorax slightly longer than broad, narrowing from near the base, constricted in front, the sides rounded posteriorly; rather coarsely, thickly punctate, and sometimes