

2. **Cossonus puncticeps**, sp. n. (Tab. II. figg. 14, 14 a, ♂.)

Elongate, shining, black, the antennæ (the club excepted) and tarsi ferruginous. Head somewhat exserted, deeply foveate between the very prominent eyes, and without definite constriction behind them, the exposed basal portion and the interocular space closely punctate; rostrum short, strongly, transversely, subquadrangularly dilated at the apex, closely, coarsely punctate. Prothorax somewhat convex, a little broader than long, rounded at the sides, feebly bisinuate at the base, constricted and much narrowed in front; closely, coarsely punctate, except along the smooth, mesially dilated, cariniform median line, without definite basal depression. Scutellum very small, transverse. Elytra slightly wider than the prothorax, long, parallel to beyond the middle, flattened on the disc; punctato-sulcate, the interstices narrow, raised, and faintly uniseriate-punctate. Ventral segments 1 and 2 narrowly sulcate down the middle in the ♂.

Length  $5-6\frac{1}{5}$ , breadth  $1\frac{1}{2}-1\frac{7}{8}$  millim.

*Hab.* MEXICO, Omilteme in Guerrero 8000 feet (*H. H. Smith*).

Three examples from Omilteme; a fourth (immature) from Las Vigas (*Höge*) probably belongs to the same species. More elongate and less rugose than the Guatemalan *C. rugosus*, the exposed basal portion of the head not so coarsely punctate, the prothorax relatively wider and with a conspicuous smooth, raised, median line, the elytra very little broader than the prothorax, with faintly punctate interstices. The rather convex, subcarinate, closely punctured prothorax and the longer and strongly dilated rostrum separate *C. puncticeps* from *C. xylophilus*.

3. **Cossonus rugosus**, sp. n. (Tab. II. figg. 15, 15 a, ♂.)

Moderately elongate, shining, black, the elytra with the humeri and a very faint subapical patch (extending forwards towards the shoulders) indeterminately rufescent, the base of the antennæ and the tarsi more or less ferruginous. Head exserted, slightly depressed down the middle between the prominent, rounded eyes, and without definite constriction behind them, the exposed basal portion and the interocular space densely, coarsely punctate; rostrum short, stout, strongly, transversely, subquadrangularly dilated at the apex, coarsely, densely punctate; antennæ stout. Prothorax somewhat convex, a little broader than long, rounded at the sides, feebly bisinuate at the base, constricted and narrowed in front; coarsely, densely punctate, sharply carinate posteriorly, without definite basal depression. Scutellum small, transverse. Elytra much wider than the prothorax, moderately long, subparallel, flattened on the disc, the humeri subangular; coarsely punctato-sulcate, the punctures subtransverse and closely packed, the interstices narrow, raised, and strongly uniseriate-punctate. Beneath closely punctate; ventral segments 1 and 2 slightly depressed down the middle in the ♂.

Length  $4\frac{2}{3}-5\frac{1}{2}$ , breadth  $1\frac{2}{5}-1\frac{3}{4}$  millim.

*Hab.* GUATEMALA, Dueñas, on the slope of the Volcan de Fuego (*Champion*).

Three specimens, varying a little in the sculpture of the prothorax and the colour of the elytra. A moderately elongate, very rugose, rather convex form, with the exposed basal portion of the head as coarsely punctured as the interocular space, the eyes prominent, the rostrum abruptly dilated at the apex, the elytra much wider than the prothorax, with strongly punctate, narrow, raised interstices, &c.

4. **Cossonus subopacus**, sp. n. (Tab. II. figg. 16, 16 a, ♂.)

Elongate, somewhat depressed, subopaque above, more shining beneath, black, the antennæ (the club excepted) fusco-ferruginous, the tarsi ferruginous; sparsely clothed with minute, hair-like, brownish