

scattered punctures. Pygidium conical, sparsely punctate, pilose at the tip. Ventral excavation long and deep. Femora sparsely fringed with long hairs beneath. Intermediate tibiae sinuate within. Length $12\frac{1}{2}$, breadth $4\frac{1}{4}$ millim.

Hab. GUATEMALA, San Juan in Alta Vera Paz (*Champion*).

One male. An elongate form, with an unusually long, subconical, excavate prothorax, and a very short, feebly curved rostrum (as in *R. brevirostris*), the punctures of the upper surface each surrounded by a small cinereous dot, much as in *R. adspersus*.

25. *Rhodobænus arcuatus*, sp. n. (Tab. VI. figg. 26, 26 a, ♂.)

Elongate, subfusiform, narrow, opaque above, black, rufo-variegate, the rufous markings on the prothorax condensed into two vittæ on the disc, and those on the elytra into a short longitudinal stripe on the disc at the base and a common, arcuate, suturally-interrupted fascia on the median third (partly enclosing a common, large, heart-shaped, black patch, which extends along the suture to the base); the punctures each surrounded by a minute whitish dot, the dots on the elytra indistinct upon the dark portions of the surface; the legs in great part rufous. Rostrum as long as the prothorax, abruptly deflexed and arcuate from the broad, closely-punctate basal portion, the apical portion compressed, almost smooth from near the base, in the ♀ a little longer, more slender, and with a compressed prominence at the tip beneath. Antennal scape nearly twice as long as the funiculus in the ♀. Prothorax longer than broad, obliquely narrowed anteriorly, the sides parallel behind, the base bisinuate; somewhat closely, finely punctate, except down the middle, the disc with a transverse arcuate depression towards the base. Scutellum elongate-triangular, narrow. Elytra oblong, a little wider than the prothorax, very finely punctate-striate, the interstices each with a row of widely scattered minute punctures. Pygidium long, conical. Beneath very sparsely punctured; ventral excavation of the ♂ long and deep, extending far forwards along the metasternum, the first segment with a compressed tubercle in the middle in front. Femora ciliate beneath.

Length $8\frac{1}{2}$ – $9\frac{1}{2}$, breadth $2\frac{1}{2}$ –3 millim. (♂ ♀.)

Hab. MEXICO, Toxpam in Vera Cruz (*Sallé*: ♂); NICARAGUA, Chontales (*Belt*: ♀).

Two males and one female. An elongate, narrow form, obscure ferruginous maculated with black, and with the minute whitish dots mostly placed on the reddish portions of the surface; the prothorax considerably longer than broad, and with a transverse arcuate depression towards the base; the pygidium long and prominent; the ventral tubercle of the male conspicuous. *R. arcuatus* has much the facies of *Homalostylus dentirostris*.

26. *Rhodobænus andreæ*. (Tab. VI. figg. 27, 27 a, ♀.)

Rhodobænus andreæ, Chevr. Ann. Soc. Ent. Fr. 1885, p. 279¹.

♀. Elongate, somewhat fusiform, opaque above, black variegated with ferruginous; the prothorax ferruginous with a narrow black stripe down the middle and another along the sides, the elytra ferruginous, each with an oblique blackish median fascia on the disc and a fainter one midway between this and the apex (neither reaching the suture, and both sometimes almost obsolete); the rather closely-placed punctures each surrounded by a rounded yellowish-white spot, those along the elytral interstices somewhat regularly arranged, and the numerous fine punctures of the striæ each indicated by a smaller oval spot. Rostrum with the basal portion short, abruptly widened, and narrowly sulcate, the apical portion long, somewhat compressed, almost smooth, and armed with a small dentiform prominence at the tip of the peduncle