

One specimen, kindly presented by its captor. Smaller, less elongate, and more depressed than the allied forms, the elytra comparatively short, the base of the latter and the disc of the prothorax cinereo-variegate, the tibiæ (as in *C. bisignatus*) almost unarmed at the apex.

ERIRRHINA.

SMICRONYX (pp. 129, 722).

Two species of this genus were sent many years ago to Dr. Sharp as from "Northern Sonora" by the late H. K. Morrison. They had not been seen by me when our enumeration of the "Smicronychides" was published, and are apparently referable to *S. fulvus*, Lec., and *S. silaceus*, Casey. An additional form from Nicaragua has been recently communicated by Signor Solari.

 1 (A). **Smicronyx latisquamis**, sp. n. (Tab. IX. figg. 5, 5 a, b.)

Oblong-ovate, piceous; densely clothed with large, broad, rounded, imbricate, pale brown scales (which have a cupreous lustre when viewed in certain lights), with curled, stout, decumbent, white setæ intermixed (fig. 5 b); the scales on the under surface also large, rounded, and whitish. Rostrum curved, rather stout, a little longer than the head and prothorax united, closely punctate. Prothorax transverse, rounded at the sides, closely punctate. Elytra much wider than the prothorax, moderately long, subparallel at the base; narrowly punctate-striate, the interstices broad, flat, punctulate, each with about two rows of large scales. Tarsal claws equal in length.

Length $2\frac{1}{10}$ – $2\frac{1}{2}$, breadth $1\frac{1}{10}$ millim.

Hab. NICARAGUA, Lago de Nicaragua (*Solari*).

Three specimens, probably including both sexes. Less elongate than the Mexican *S. tectus*, the scales very large and imbricate, above and beneath, the curled white decumbent setæ conspicuous, the rostrum not nearly so stout.

TERIRES (p. 138).

A second species is provisionally added to this genus, differing from the type in the longer and comparatively slender rostrum and the bisinuate base of the prothorax, but agreeing otherwise with it in general structure.

 2. **Terires plurisetosus**, sp. n. (Tab. IX. figg. 6, 6 a.)

Oblong-ovate, narrow, feebly shining, rufo-testaceous, the eyes black; thickly clothed with fine, decumbent, hair-like, pallid scales, the elytral interstices each with a regular row of closely placed, coarser, decumbent setiform scales. Head closely punctate; eyes large, strongly transverse, coarsely faceted; rostrum cylindrical, curved, slender, as long as the head and prothorax, very finely punctate, smooth along the median line, the antennæ inserted at the middle. Prothorax much broader than long, obliquely narrowed anteriorly, the sides parallel at the base, the latter feebly bisinuate; closely, very finely punctate.

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2 BB