

cylindrico, margine antico rufo-testaceo, grosse punctato, umbone nullo, sulcis delimitantibus obsoletis sed ibique linea leviter depressa; antennis articulis 4^o-11^m basi testaceis.

Long. 2-3 lin.

Hab. PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui, Bugaba (*Champion*).

In *P. phthisica* the thoracic umbo though obsolete is indicated by its marginal sulci being always present and sharply incised. In *P. auricapilla* there are vague linear depressions only in place of the sulci.

TETRAOPES (p. 200).

Tetraopes thoreyi (p. 201).

To the Mexican locality given, add:—near the city, Esperanza, Vera Cruz (*Höge*).

Tetraopes subfasciatus (p. 201).

To the Mexican localities given, add:—Milpas (*Forrer*).

9. **Tetraopes** — ?

Hab. MEXICO, Northern Sonora (*Morrison*).

One example of what is probably a variety of the North-American *T. femoratus*, Lec., differing from the var. *oregonensis* only in the tibiæ as well as the femora of all the legs being red.

TETROPS (to follow the genus *Tetraopes*, p. 200).

Tetrops, Stephens, Man. Brit. Col. p. 269; Lacordaire, Gen. Col. ix. p. 880.

A genus characteristic of North Temperate faunas both of the Eastern and the Western Hemispheres. Nine species have been described. The following agrees with the European *T. præusta* in all essential structural characters, but differs in its shorter and thicker antennæ.

1. **Tetrops validicornis**.

Cylindrica, supra paullulum deplanata, griseo-lanuginosa, nigra; elytris castaneo-fuscis; antennis griseo-annulatis, articulis 5^o-11^m brevibus, subovatis; capite thoraceque sat grosse punctatis, fronte inter antennis lata, planata; thorace post medium paullo dilatato, basi transversim mediocriter depresso, angustato; elytris undique confertim sublineatim punctatis, apice singulatim late rotundatis.

Long. $3\frac{1}{4}$ - $3\frac{1}{2}$ lin.

Hab. MEXICO, Oaxaca (*Höge*).

MECAS (p. 203).

Mecas ambigenus (p. 203).

To the locality Mexico add:—Ciudad in Durango, Milpas (*Forrer*).