

as in Guatemalan specimens of *A. spectabilis*. In the Panama localities individuals occur in which the black belts are covered with bluish-grey pile; these approach *A. bifasciata*, but differ from it in the form of the belts and other features. *A. bifasciata* remains a tolerably distinct local form, peculiar to Chontales.

***Amphionycha fraudatrix*** (p. 218).

To the locality given, add:—COSTA RICA (*Van Patten*).

**11. *Amphionycha sericipennis*.** (Tab. XXV. fig. 16.)

Sat breviter oblongo-subcylindrica, supra deplanata, melleo-flava; elytris dimidio posteriori, metathorace, ventre, tibiis apice et tarsis, nigris; elytris supra (apice excepto), metasterno, et ventre, pube sericeo cinereo-flavo dense vestitis, colorem nigrum occultante; antennis tenuibus, laxe ciliatis, nigris, articulo 4° fere toto 5°que basi testaceis; capite magno, inter antennis lato et plano, vertice convexo; thorace quam caput cum oculis haud angustiori, breviter cylindrico, basi angustato, auro-sericeo; elytris apice sinuato-truncatis utrinque acute bidentatis, epipleuris bicarinatis margineque incrassato.

Long. 5–5½ lin.

*Hab.* PANAMA, Bugaba (*Champion*).

The black ground-colour of the apical half of the elytra, as well as of the metasternum and abdomen, is just visible through the dense clothing of laid blonde pubescence; a narrow apical fascia and the apical half of the epipleura remain black with black pubescence.

**12. *Amphionycha chionides*.** (Tab. XXV. fig. 17.)

*Phæbe luteolæ* similis, sed fronte haud tuberculata. Parva, angusta, clare rufescenti-fulva; antennis (apice nigro excepto) melleo-flavis, pedibus testaceo-albis, capite (occipite excepto), thorace vittis latis duabus, elytris basi (usque medium) utrinque vittis angustis duabus (una suturali), macula ovata versus apicem, apiceque intus, cretaceo-albis; capite inter antennis lato sed paullo depresso; thorace quam caput angustiori, cylindrico (lateribus medio rotundatis), conspicue punctato; elytris pube fulvo-aurea vestitis, striato-punctatis, apice singulatim rotundatis, epipleuris unicarinatis et pluripunctato-striatis; sterno vitta utrinque laterali cretaceo-alba.

Long. 3¼ lin.

*Hab.* PANAMA, Bugaba (*Champion*).

This charming little species may possibly belong to the genus *Phæbe*. The unique example, however, appears to be a male, and has no trace of the frontal tubercles or processes which alone distinguish *Phæbe* from *Amphionycha*.

**13. *Amphionycha bicarinata*.** (Tab. XXV. fig. 18.)

*A. pluricostata* proxime affinis. Elongata, lateribus parallelis, epipleuris altis; supra verticem, thorace vitta lata dorsali scutelloque, nigris, capite thoraceque lateribus ochraceis, elytris fulvescenti-rufis; corpore subtus pedibusque nigris nitidis, pro- et mesosterno medio femoribusque basi flavo-testaceis; capite inter antennis angusto, concavo; thorace antice gradatim angustato; elytris apice obtusissime rotundatis, subtilissime et densissime fulvo-rufo tomentosis, carinis utrinque validis nitidis parallelis duabus; antennis (♂) quam corpus vix longioribus, subtus sparsim breviter ciliatis.

Long. 5½ lin.