

pectore ventreque nigris fulvo-sericeis; pedibus nigris, femoribus plus minusve, prosternoque (vitta laterali nigra excepta), fulvo-testaceis.

Elytra colore variant:—

1. Toto rufescenti-fulva.
2. Nigra, utrinque macula magna a basi usque medium, suturam haud attingente posticeque oblique delimitata, rufescenti-fulva.

Long. 4 lin.

Hab. PANAMA, Bugaba (*Champion*).

Among the ten examples examined there is no trace of intermediate gradation between the two distinct modes of elytral coloration above described. The form with black apical half of the elytra resembles very much *T. lycinella*, but that species has the base of the fourth antennal joint clothed with bushy pubescence like the whole of the third, as in the majority of the *Tyrinthiæ*, and the lateral carina of the elytra (more obtuse than in *T. biformis*, and scarcely to be termed a carina) does not coalesce with the lateral margin, but runs parallel to it.

4. *Tyrinthia photurina*. (Tab. XXV. fig. 23.)

T. biformi affinis, elytris similariter formatis. Elongata, parum convexa, postice gradatim paullulum dilatata, nigra, subopaca; capite antice rufo, thorace supra cinereo-ochracea macula magna triangulari medio-basali nigra, elytrorum carina incrassata cinereo-ochracea; antennis nigris, articulis 2°, 5° et 6° totis, 4° apice et 7° basi, albo-testaceis, 3° toto et 4° basi supra pilosis infra dense barbatis, 4° apice 5°–11^m totis infra ciliatis; capite inter antennas excavato; thorace trapezoideo; elytris apice singulatim subacute rotundatis, epipleuris ultra medium nullis, carina incrassata obtusa pone medium cum margine coalescente; coxis quatuor anticis et femoribus basi testaceis.

Long. 4½ lin.

Hab. PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui (*Champion*).

LYCIDOLA (p. 224).

2. *Lycidola unicolor*.

L. belti quoad formam similis, sed differt supra toto fulvo-ochracea vel isabellina, antennisque (nigris) articulo 3° multo breviori incrassato. Subtus fusco-nigra, femoribus plus minusve ventreque apice fulvo-testaceis; elytris paullo post humeros dilatato-explanatis undique confertissime punctulatis utrinque costis quatuor subrectis.

Long. 6½ lin.

Hab. PANAMA, Bugaba (*Champion*).

Differs from *L. belti* and other species of the genus in the much shorter third antennal joint, which is of similar length, thickness, and density of pubescence to the fourth joint; the dilatation of the elytra is not quite so wide, and its margin describes a much more regular curve.

3. *Lycidola isabellina*. (Tab. XXV. fig. 24.)

Quoad formam *Lycaneptice amictæ* (Klug) similis, sed ad gen. *Lycidolam* pertinet articulis antennarum 3° et 4° solum incrassatis et subtus barbatis. *Lycidolæ mimicæ* affinis, scapo sicut in hac specie elongato; differt