

pennis, though with numerous points of distinction, and, like that species, has the four apical ventral rings considerably shorter than they are in *B. canus*, Germ.

49. *Bruchus ophthalmicus*.

Testaceo-ferrugineus, supra dense ochraceo-vestitus, fusco-maculatus, subtus tenuiter griseo-vestitus, prosterno mesosternoque nigricantibus; antennis pedibusque pallide testaceis, illis elongatis, intus serratis; oculis magnis, fere contiguis; femoribus posterioribus dente minore denticulisque duobus instructis.

Long. $2\frac{1}{2}$ millim. (capite deflexo).

Hab. GUATEMALA, near the city, Aceituno, San Gerónimo (*Champion*).

Antennæ very pallid; second joint small, the third elongate, the terminal joints rather longer than broad. Eyes very large, with facets of moderate size, separated on the vertex only by the longitudinal carina. Thorax narrow in front, with acute hind angles, densely pubescent, scarcely variegate. Elytra very finely striate; densely clothed, the pale clothing more or less distinctly interrupted by fuscous marks, the largest and darkest of which are at the suture, behind the scutellum, and close to the extremity. The posterior femora are much dilated, and armed with a single small tooth, behind which are one or two extremely minute tubercles; the short, stout tibiæ are a good deal curved at the base and at the apex, they have no apical spur, but the acute angle is very slightly prolonged.

Although the pygidium is not so elongate or vertical as in most other of the *Pachymeri*, this species might be placed in Stirps II of Schönherr's Grex II. One example was obtained at San Gerónimo, and a second near the city of Guatemala; these I have no doubt are both males, and are described above. The specimen found at Aceituno is, I feel certain, the female of *B. ophthalmicus*, though it has the eyes very much smaller and more distant, and the antennæ less developed, being more slender and much shorter.

50. *Bruchus debilicornis*.

Ferrugineus, supra dense ochraceo-vestitus; elytris fusco albidoque variegatis, antennis pedibusque pallide testaceis; subtus tenuiter griseo-vestitus, prosterno pectoreque nigricantibus; antennis elongatis, gracilibus, intus subserratis; oculis magnis, parum distantibus; femoribus posterioribus dente minore denticulisque duobus armatis.

Long. 2 millim.

Hab. GUATEMALA, Capetillo (*Champion*).

This is closely allied to *B. ophthalmicus*, but, compared with the male of that species, is smaller, has the antennæ more slender, the eyes not quite so approximate, the maculation of the upper surface greater; the tubercles at the extremity of the hind femur are also more prominent so as to form two minute teeth. Only one example has been found; I have no doubt it is a male.