

punctuation coarser than usual. Elytra short, the interstices not punctulate, but covered with a minute roughening or scratching. Pygidium and hind body closely covered with ochraceous pubescence. Hind femora not dilated, bearing only a single small tooth; tibia not arcuate, its front angle forming a very short mucro, which, however, is conspicuously longer than the other terminal digitations. The femora are not canaliculate, and the sexual distinctions are apparently very slight.

This species is very variable in the colour of the elytra, which may be entirely bright red or entirely black, the greater number of examples being intermediate, having a red patch of variable size on each wing-case; in these maculate examples the spot of red colour is always nearer the base than the apex. Examples with entirely red elytra were labelled *B. gilvipennis*, Deyr., in Sallé's collection; but as the name is only applicable to a minority of the specimens, I have not adopted it.

60. *Bruchus morosus*.

Sat latus, niger, subtus griseo vestitus; elytris ante medium fascia parum conspicua grisescente, antennarum basi pedibusque rufis; femoribus posterioribus basi nigra, dente lato minus elongato instructis.

Long. $2\frac{1}{2}$ millim.

Hab. MEXICO, Jalapa (*Höge*); GUATEMALA, Sabo and Purula in Vera Paz (*Champion*).

Head rather narrow, with small eyes. Antennæ short, very broad, four or five basal joints yellow; second joint quite small, the third and fourth subequal, rather small. Thorax transverse-conic, much narrowed in front where the sides are a little rounded; very densely and rather coarsely punctate, somewhat sparingly clothed with griseous pubescence, of which there is a more distinct line in front of the scutellum, and a very small spot on either side of the middle. Scutellum densely clothed with nearly white pubescence. Elytra rather short, somewhat finely striate, black, with a faint irregular fascia of griseous pubescence in front of the middle. Pygidium rather large, densely clothed with griseous pubescence. Hind femora not dilated and not canaliculate, their single tooth short and broad; tibia moderately stout, not curvate, without mucro, but with distinctly prominent angle.

Nine examples were found at Sabo, and one at Purula; the description is made from the Sabo examples. The three Mexican individuals do not differ materially.

61. *Bruchus usticolor*.

Brevis, sat convexus, niger; supra fusco-, subtus ochraceo-pubescens; antennarum basi pedibusque testaceis, pedibus posterioribus rufis, femorum basi late nigra; prothorace transverso, lateribus rotundatis, densissime punctato; pygidio perpendiculari, basi dense pubescente ibidemque subtrimaculato; femoribus posterioribus dente gracili instructis.

Long. $2\frac{1}{4}$ millim.

Hab. MEXICO, Jalapa (*Höge*).

Antennæ moderately stout, the penultimate joint about as long as broad. Head short