

It is possible that this species may turn out to be a variety of *L. sexnotata*, Lac., from which, however, the entirely black antennæ, the impunctate thorax, and the extra scutellar black spot distinguish it. From *L. nigromaculata* the convex elytra and the want of the black apex of the latter separate it.

42. *Lema minuta*. (Tab. II. fig. 3.)

Elongate, parallel, piceous below, above fulvous; elytra deeply punctate-striate, the anterior part of the suture and a spot at each shoulder, as well as the antennæ and legs, black.

Var. The elytral spots wanting.

Length $1\frac{1}{2}$ line.

Base of the head rugose-punctate, distinctly bituberculate, the tubercles divided by a short longitudinal ridge; lower part of face covered with thin yellowish hairs; labrum piceous; antennæ nearly as long as half the body, black; thorax elongate, fulvous, moderately constricted in the middle, the anterior angles rotundate, distinctly transversely grooved near the base, surface with a double row of fine punctures, the anterior angles also distinctly punctate; elytra deeply punctate-striate, the interstices near the apex distinctly costate, the ninth stria uninterrupted; they are of the same fulvous colour as the thorax, with the first third of the sutural margin and the shoulders narrowly black; underside piceous, the abdomen more or less fulvous and finely pubescent; legs entirely black, the posterior femora not extending much beyond the first abdominal segment. In the variety there is an entire absence of the elytral spots.

Hab. GUATEMALA, San Gerónimo (*Champion*).

43. *Lema antennalis*. (Tab. I. fig. 6.)

Lema antennalis, Jacoby, P. Z. S. 1879, p. 774.

Elongate, subdepressed, parallel, chestnut-coloured, variegated with piceous; antennæ short, robust, their apical joints transverse, black, three basal joints rufous; elytra finely punctate-striate, the interstices finely rugose, piceous, the sutural and lateral margins light brown.

Length 3 lines.

Hab. GUATEMALA, Zapote (*Champion*).

This interesting species, of which only one specimen was received from the above locality, will easily be recognized on account of the curiously shaped antennæ, the broad subdepressed elytra, and the fine rugosities which cover their interstices; the thorax shows some traces of punctures near the sides and on the disk; the latter has also a longitudinal indistinct black central line and an equally obsolete piceous spot at each side, while the head bears traces of the same colour near the base and the middle.

44. *Lema hexastigma*.

Lema hexastigma, Lacord. Mon. p. 476.

Hab. MEXICO.

45. *Lema scutaria*. (Tab. II. fig. 6.)

Elongate, subdepressed, fulvous; antennæ, sides of breast, knees, and the tibiæ and tarsi black; elytra deeply punctate-striate, the ninth stria largely interrupted, with a semicircular depression below the base fulvous; a short sutural stripe, a small shoulder-spot, and a short longitudinal stripe near the apex black.

Length 2 lines.