

**Lema varipes** (p. 8).

To the locality given, add:—MEXICO, Vera Cruz (*Sallé*), Jalapa (*Höge*); COSTA RICA (*Van Patten*).

**Lema nupta** (p. 8).

To the localities given, add:—MEXICO, Tuxtla, Vera Cruz, Playa Vicente (*Sallé*), N. Yucatan (*Gaumer*); GUATEMALA, San Isidro (*Champion*).

It seems rather doubtful to me whether *L. nupta* and *L. varipes* are really distinct; apparently they only differ in the colour of the antennæ, these organs having the first six joints fulvous (instead of the first four) in *L. nupta*. I now possess specimens in which the five basal joints of the antennæ are fulvous; these agree in other respects with both *L. nupta* and *L. varipes*, thus showing that this colouring is subject to variation. The elytral spots are equally variable, some specimens being devoid of several, while others have them largely developed; intermediate degrees are also not wanting. *L. varipes* is stated by Lacordaire to be from Mexico; in speaking of *L. nupta* he says, however, that this species, as well as the preceding (*L. varipes*), is found in Colombia; several specimens of *L. nupta* having now been received from Mexico proves this locality to be the correct one.

36 (A). **Lema stigmula**.

Pale fulvous; antennæ (the first joint excepted), a spot on the vertex, another on the anterior part of the thorax, three spots on each elytron, placed triangularly, and the tibiæ and tarsi, black.

Length  $3\frac{1}{2}$  lines.

Head impunctate, with a small black spot on the middle of the vertex; eyes nearly entire; palpi robust; antennæ short and stout, gradually widened and flattened towards the terminal joints, black, the basal joint fulvous; thorax scarcely broader than long, moderately constricted at the sides, with a deep fovea near the base, the basilar sulcation nearly obsolete, the surface with two rows of punctures on the middle of the disc and a few fine punctures near the anterior margin, the latter with a small black spot in the middle; scutellum small, black; elytra of a paler colour than the thorax, very convex, robust, and without basal depression, distinctly punctate-striate, the interstices very minutely punctured, here and there somewhat wrinkled, and towards the apex becoming subcostate, the three spots placed thus—one at the shoulders, one near the suture before the middle, and one a little lower down near the lateral margin; underside fulvous, except a small black spot at the sides of the breast below the middle; tibiæ and tarsi black.

*Hab.* COSTA RICA, Cache (*Rogers*).

A single specimen. *L. stigmula* is distinguished from *L. varipes* and *L. nupta* by the broadly widened joints of the antennæ, and the position of the spots and the fine punctuation of the interstices of the elytra.

36 (B). **Lema regularis**.

Testaceous; antennæ black, the two basal joints fulvous; head with one spot, and the thorax with two lateral spots and a central line, black; elytra closely punctate-striate, a small spot at the shoulder, another