

Head impunctate, broader than long, the eyes widely separated, the frontal elevations and the carina entirely obsolete; antennæ scarcely extending to the middle of the elytra, the basal six joints fulvous, the others black, the first and second joints very stout, the third very small, the rest short, each joint thickened at the apex, the terminal one longer than the preceding and pointed; thorax transverse, twice as broad as long, the sides very slightly rounded, the angles obtuse, the surface obsoletely transversely grooved near the base, impunctate; scutellum dark fulvous; elytra narrow, parallel, black, with a few very minute punctures only near the suture; underside (the prothorax excepted) black; legs fulvous, the posterior femora sometimes piceous.

Hab. GUATEMALA, Pantaleon (*Champion*).

A narrow species, with short antennæ; the thorax transversely shaped and with an obsolete transverse groove; the elytra black, almost impunctate.

Two specimens, from the lower part of the Pacific slope.

Aphthona semipunctata (p. 363).

To the localities given, add:—MEXICO, Atoyac in Vera Cruz (*H. H. Smith*).

This species is erroneously described as possessing “extremely finely punctate-striate elytra”; it should be “rather distinctly punctate-striate.”

Aphthona pallipes (p. 364).

To the localities given, add:—MEXICO, Chilpancingo, Amula, Orizaba (*H. H. Smith*).

Aphthona maculipennis (p. 365).

To the localities given, add:—MEXICO, Teapa in Tabasco (*H. H. Smith*); PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui (*Champion*).

8 (A). ***Aphthona substriata***.

Aphthona substriata, Har. Coleopt. Hefte, xv. p. 20 (1876)¹.

Hab. MEXICO, Chilpancingo, Atoyac, Teapa (*H. H. Smith*); PANAMA, Bugaba (*Champion*).—COLOMBIA¹.

I refer a very large number of specimens from the above localities to this species. The antennæ in most of the Mexican specimens are entirely flavous; some examples, however, have the apical joints stained with fuscous (as in the type). The legs are flavous, the posterior femora black.

8 (B). ***Aphthona pectoralis***.

Fulvous; the head almost, the thorax entirely, impunctate, the latter strongly transverse; elytra metallic greenish, very finely punctured in irregular rows; the breast and the apex of the posterior femora piceous.

Length $\frac{3}{4}$ line.

Head fulvous, with a few fine punctures on the vertex, the frontal tubercles and the carina small but distinct; antennæ half the length of the body, fulvous, the terminal joints sometimes slightly darker, the third and fourth joints equal; thorax at least twice as broad as long, the sides distinctly rounded, the angles rather