

rounded, the surface very finely and closely punctured, not very shining, greenish; elytra not more strongly punctured than the thorax, the punctures arranged in very close rows, a sutural band (gradually narrowed towards the base and apex), and the lateral and apical margins narrowly, greenish.

Hab. MEXICO, near the city (*H. H. Smith*), Guanajuato (*Sallé*).

In this species the elytral vitta occupies almost the entire disc, leaving the margins only greenish; the male has the fourth joint of the antennæ dilated.

10. *Phyllotreta subrugosa*.

Elongate, black, the basal joints of the antennæ and the base of the tibiæ fulvous; head and thorax æneous, closely punctured; elytra metallic greenish-blue, closely punctured, the interstices finely rugose.

Length 1 line.

Head greenish-æneous, very minutely punctured, the space between the antennæ swollen, longitudinally grooved; antennæ more than half the length of the body, the basal five joints fulvous, the first stained with piceous above, the apex of the fifth and of the following two joints fuscous, the rest entirely of that colour, the fifth joint slighter longer than either the preceding or following one; thorax about one half broader than long, the sides rounded, the surface greenish-æneous, finely and rather closely punctured; elytra slightly widened towards the middle, very closely punctured, the punctures partly arranged in double rows which are separated by very faint longitudinal grooves, the interspaces very finely rugose when viewed laterally; the base of the tibiæ and the tarsi fulvous.

Hab. MEXICO, near the city (*H. H. Smith*).

A single specimen. Evidently allied to *P. æneicollis*, Crotch, but with the elytra differently sculptured and the legs (the tarsi and the base of the tibiæ excepted) black.

11. *Phyllotreta* —?

Hab. MEXICO, Guanajuato (*Sallé*), Teapa in Tabasco (*H. H. Smith*).

Some specimens of a *Phyllotreta* from these localities are perhaps referable to *P. albionica*, Lec., or *P. pusilla*, Horn. They are of elongate, depressed shape, and of a uniform brownish-æneous colour.

LONGITARSUS (p. 372).

Longitarsus subcinctus (p. 373).

To the Mexican localities given, add:—Atoyac in Vera Cruz (*H. H. Smith*).

L. heliophyti, Horn, according to the description, seems to me not to differ from *L. subcinctus*. Its food-plant *Helotropium* (*Heliophytum*) *indicum*, Linn., occurs in Mexico and Central America (*cf.* Biol. Centr.-Amer., Bot. ii. p. 375).

3 (A). *Longitarsus ovipennis*.

Ovate, apterous, above dark piceous; the antennæ fuscous, with the three or four basal joints fulvous; thorax impunctate; elytra ovate, very finely punctured in rather distantly placed rows; legs fulvous, the posterior femora piceous.

Length $\frac{3}{4}$ –1 line.

Hab. MEXICO, Chilpancingo and Omilteme, both in Guerrero (*H. H. Smith*).