

Head produced in front, finely granulate, sparingly pubescent, the frontal tubercles obsolete, the clypeus with a distinct central ridge; the antennæ long, entirely fulvous, joints 1–10 (the second excepted) of nearly equal length, the apical one more elongate and pointed; thorax subquadrate, the sides straight, obsoletely angulate before the middle, and slightly narrowed in front, the surface pale fulvous, clothed with silvery-grey pubescence, not visibly sculptured; scutellum very small; elytra broader than the thorax at the base, and darker in colour, punctate-striate, the punctures not very closely placed, the interstices slightly costate; below and the legs pale fulvous.

Hab. MEXICO, Chilpancingo in Guerrero (*H. H. Smith*).

Allied to *R. canescens*, but smaller, and with the pubescence silvery instead of golden-yellow. One specimen.

7. *Rhinotmetus minutus*.

Narrowly elongate, fulvous; the antennæ with thickened terminal joints; thorax finely rugose, scarcely pubescent; elytra shining, sparingly pubescent, punctate-striate anteriorly only.

Length $1\frac{1}{4}$ line.

Head finely rugose, not longer than broad, the frontal elevations indistinct; antennæ fulvous, scarcely extending to the middle of the elytra, all the joints of nearly equal length, the fifth and following ones gradually (the terminal joints rather considerably) thickened; thorax a little longer than broad, slightly constricted behind, the sides subangulate before the middle, the anterior angles tuberculiform, the surface rather flat, finely rugose, dark fulvous, sparingly clothed with very short yellowish pubescence; elytra with a distinct depression below the base, punctate-striate to the middle, the punctures indistinct beyond, the surface shining, fulvous, very sparingly covered with yellowish hairs; legs fulvous, the tarsi nearly black; claws appendiculate.

Hab. MEXICO, Orizaba (*Sallé, H. H. Smith*).

A small and narrow species, distinguished by the non-produced head, the thickened antennæ, and the shining and only anteriorly punctured elytra. Notwithstanding the appendiculate claws, *R. minutus* seems to me to belong to the present genus. Two specimens.

PHYSIMERUS (p. 459).

Physimerus pygmæus (p. 462).

To the locality given, add:—MEXICO, Atoyac in Vera Cruz, Teapa in Tabasco (*H. H. Smith*).

Some of the Mexican specimens are paler than those obtained in Chiriqui; they have the elytral spots scarcely perceptible, and the antennæ almost entirely pale.

14. *Physimerus elongatulus*.

Obscure fulvous, opaque, pubescent; thorax broader than long; elytra finely punctate-striate, the suture obscure fuscous; the posterior femora with an obscure spot at the apex.

Length $1\frac{1}{2}$ line.

Head not visibly punctured, clothed with greyish pubescence; palpi with the penultimate joint slightly thickened; antennæ nearly two thirds the length of the body, entirely fulvous, the second joint thicker but scarcely shorter than the following one, the fourth and fifth joints a little longer, the others very gradually thickened and shorter; thorax about one half broader than long, the sides straight, the surface somewhat depressed on the disc, closely covered with short yellowish pubescence, entirely obscuring the