

angle very slightly produced, its apex rounded; disc smooth and shining, sparingly punctured on the sides, the punctures sometimes obsolete; the wedge-shaped black patch varies greatly in size, in some examples being confined to the apical margin, in others extending backwards to the middle. Scutellum longer than broad, pentagonal. Elytra parallel, flattened along the disc, opaque, minutely granulose, very finely punctate-striate.

C. consanguinea, judging from the number of specimens collected at various localities by Mr. Champion, is abundant in Guatemala; it may be separated from its congeners by the fulvous disc of its abdomen, which character appears to be constant. The fulvous coloration of the hinder tibiæ varies greatly in extent in different individuals: in some examples it is entirely obsolete; occasionally the anterior pair are more or less fulvous.

35. *Cephaloleia vicina*. (Tab. II. fig. 1.)

Cephaloleia vicina, Baly, Cat. Hispidæ, p. 55¹.

Antennarum [in utroque sexu] articulo tertio cylindrico, a basi apicem versus paullo ampliato.

Hab. MEXICO¹ (*colls. Baly and Brit. Mus.**), Toxpam, Capulalpam, Cordova, Juquila, Oaxaca, Playa Vicente (*Sallé*).

This species may be at once known from any of the foregoing by the cylindrical third joint of the antennæ, a distinctive character not mentioned in my original description.

36. *Cephaloleia ruficollis*. (Tab. II. fig. 2.)

Cephaloleia ruficollis, Baly, Cat. Hispidæ, p. 165¹.

Fem. Abdominis segmento anali late sed leviter transversim emarginato.

Hab. MEXICO¹, San Andres, Tuxtla, Toxpam, Cordova (*Sallé*, type), Jalapa, Juquila (*Höge*); GUATEMALA, Sinanja and Senahu in Vera Paz, San Gerónimo, Las Mercedes 3000 feet, Cerro Zunil 4000 to 5000 feet (*Champion*).

The two specimens collected by Herr Höge have the elytra rather less strongly punctured; in all other respects they agree with the type.

37. *Cephaloleia fulvolimbata*. (Tab. II. fig. 3.)

Anguste elongata, subcylindrica; subtus picea, nitida; supra nigra; thorace rufo, apice piceo tincto, subremote punctato; elytris parallelis, distincte sed tenuiter punctato-striatis, subnitidis, nigro-piceis, limbo laterali anguste fulvo.

Mas. Abdominis segmento anali apice concavo, medio sinuato.

Fem. Abdominis segmento anali apice leviter concavo.

Var. A. Thorace nigro.

Long. $1\frac{1}{2}$ – $1\frac{3}{4}$ lin.

Hab. MEXICO, Cordova (*Sallé*, var. A); GUATEMALA, San Juan, Chiacam, Cahabon, and Senahu in Vera Paz (*Champion*).

* The type specimens in my own collection and in the British Museum were obtained from M. Sallé, and doubtless came from one or other of the localities above mentioned.