

face armed between the antennæ with a minute tooth. Antennæ nearly three fourths the length of the body, slender, filiform; joints cylindrical, basal one short, moniliform, second to the fifth nearly equal in length, each about twice as long as the first; four upper joints obtuse, rufo-piceous, the three lower ones (in some specimens) obscure piceous. Thorax scarcely longer than broad; sides straight and parallel from the base to just behind the middle, thence obliquely converging to the apex, the anterior angle armed with a short obtuse tooth; upper surface closely covered with large irregular foveolate punctures, the space immediately behind the apical margin impunctate; a narrow vitta on the medial disc, together with a few of the punctures on the extreme lateral margin, nigro-piceous; on the vitta is a very narrow and slightly raised longitudinal line. Elytra elongate, parallel; sides very slightly sinuate and constricted in the middle; apex obtusely rounded, the hinder angle armed with a short, acute, flattened spine, the apex of which looks directly backwards; upper surface convex on the sides and apex, flattened along the suture; humeral callus produced laterally, its apex extending slightly beyond the lateral margin, acute; each elytron with ten, at the extreme base with eleven, regular rows of large deep punctures, which cover nearly the whole surface; fourth interspace obsolete costate; a narrow vitta, extending from the apex of the humeral callus nearly to the middle of each elytron, less distinct and sometimes entirely obsolete posteriorly, together with the spine at the hinder angle, nigro-piceous, tinged with violaceous. In some specimens this colour is confined to the spine itself, in others it extends inwards for a short distance across the disc.

Several examples were captured by Mr. Champion in the forest region of the low country.

*longula* Boly 1884  
**10. *Cephalodonta elongata*.** (preocc) — *ma* 120.

Anguste elongata, fere parallela, flava, nitida; pedibus (femoribus basi exceptis), scutello antennisque nigris; thorace quam lato longiori; lateribus parallelis, obsolete bisinuatis, medio obsolete angulatis; foveolato-punctato, vitta discoidali lateribusque nigris; elytris parallelis, pone medium vix ampliatis, apice obtuse rotundatis, prope angulum externum leviter sinuatis, angulo ipso obtuso; seriatim punctatis, interspatio quarto subcostato, sexto et octavo minus distincte elevatis; linea laterali, ante medium abbreviata, alteraque suturali, communi, pone medium obsoleta, nigris.

Long. 4 lin.

*Hab.* PANAMA, Bugaba 800 to 1500 feet (*Champion*).

Antennæ rather more than half the length of the body, filiform, very slightly thickened towards the apex; joints cylindrical. Thorax longer than broad; sides straight and nearly parallel, very slightly bisinuate, obsolete angulate, the anterior angle acute; disc closely foveolate-punctate. Elytra broader than the thorax; sides parallel, slightly constricted in the middle, very slightly dilated posteriorly, hinder angle obtuse; apical margin obtusely rounded, sinuate just within the outer angle; the base with twelve, the middle disc with ten, and the hinder disc with eleven, regular rows of punctures; fourth, sixth, and eighth interspaces thickened; humeral callus laterally elevated, obtuse.