

broader than long; sides obtusely angulate, straight and parallel from the base to the middle, thence obliquely converging to the apex, anterior angle armed with an oblique obtuse tooth; subcylindrical, broadly flattened and excavated on the hinder disc, closely covered with large, irregular, foveolate punctures; an irregular longitudinal space on the middle disc, commencing in front of the transverse depression, and extending anteriorly nearly to the apical margin, shining, impunctate; its medial line impressed with a fine longitudinal groove; a longitudinal vitta, abbreviated anteriorly, together with the extreme edge of the lateral margin, nigro-piceous. Scutellum oblong-quadrate; sides distinctly, the apex faintly, emarginate. Elytra parallel, serrulate on the sides, the apex rounded and acutely denticulate; each elytron with eight, at the extreme base with nine, rows of punctures; tricostate, the suture also elevated.

7. *Chalepus opacicollis*.

Elongatus, parallelus, nitidus, subtus niger; thorace (utrinque nigro maculato), pectoris medio abdominisque basi, fulvis; supra fulvus, scutello, collo utrinque antennisque nigris; thorace quam lato vix longiori; lateribus rotundatis, medio obsolete angulatis; opaco, sat profunde punctato, vitta discoidali lateribusque nigris; elytris parallelis, lateribus minute serrulatis; apice regulariter rotundato, magis evidenter et irregulariter serrulato; utrisque octo-basi nono-seriato-punctatis; interspatiis secundo, quarto sextoque costatis.

Long. 3 lin.

Hab. PANAMA, Bugaba 800 to 1500 feet (*Champion*).

Head smooth, vertex and front faintly impressed with a longitudinal groove; interocular space very slightly produced. Antennæ robust, slightly tapering at the base and apex; first and second joints equal, the third distinctly longer. Thorax scarcely longer than broad; sides rounded, converging in front, obsoletely angulate; convex, transversely impressed on the hinder disc, and again less distinctly so before the middle; opaque, impressed, but not very closely, with large, ill-defined punctures. Elytra elongate, parallel, regularly rounded at the apex; sides finely, the apical margin more strongly and irregularly, serrulate; each elytron with eight, at the extreme base with nine, rows of large, deeply impressed punctures; second, fourth, and sixth interspaces costate, the sixth serrulate.

8. *Chalepus saundersi*.

Elongatus, subtus niger, nitidus; femoribus anticis quatuor macula basali flava ornatis; supra minus nitidus, scutello capiteque nigris, hoc macula frontali sordide-fulva; thorace subcylindrico; lateribus breviter subangulato-rotundatis, basi fere rectis; dorso crebre et fortiter punctato, fulvo, lateribus vittaque lata discoidali nigris; elytris fere parallelis, apicem versus vix ampliatis, apice obtuse rotundatis, minute serrulatis; utrisque octo-basi nono-seriato-punctatis; interspatiis alternis, nec non sutura, modice costatis; fulvis, plaga apicali vittaque suturali nigris.

Var. A. Elytrorum plaga apicali obsoleta.

Long. 2 lin.

Hab. GUATEMALA, Panima (*Champion*); PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui 2500 to 4000 feet (*Champion*).