

22. *Chalepus vittaticollis*.

Anguste cuneiformis, nitidus; subtus niger, abdomine pedibusque flavis, tarsis piceis; supra sordide piceo-fulvus; antennis nigris, extrorsum piceis; thorace transverso, foveolato-punctato, lateribus vittisque discoidalibus duabus nigro-piceis; scutello nigro; elytris oblongis, a basi apicem versus leviter ampliatis, apice obtuse rotundatis, margine serrulatis; utrisque decem- medio nono-seriato-punctatis, interstitiis elevato-reticulatis; interspatiis secundo, quarto, sexto (basi et apice) nec non octavo costatis, callo humerali modice lateraliter producto; nigro-piceis, æneo tinctis, maculis parvis numerosis fulvis ornatis.

Var. A. Antennis totis nigris, thoracis vittis abbreviatis, elytris rufo-piceo variegatis.

Long. $2\frac{1}{2}$ lin.

Hab. MEXICO, Juquila (*Höge*).

Head smooth; vertex and front impressed with a longitudinal groove. Antennæ scarcely longer than the head and thorax, thickened towards the apex, five outer joints forming a slender ill-defined club. Thorax transverse; sides angulate, straight and parallel from the base to the middle, thence obliquely converging towards the apex, the anterior angle produced, acute; upper surface transversely convex, transversely depressed and excavated on the hinder disc, deeply foveolate-punctate; the lateral margin, together with two discoidal vittæ (the latter confluent at the base), nigro-piceous. Elytra broader than the thorax, oblong, gradually but slightly dilated from the base towards the apex, the latter obtuse; outer margin distinctly but finely serrulate; each elytron with ten, on the anterior disc with nine, rows of punctures, the second, fourth, sixth (at base and apex), and the eighth interspaces costate; humeral callus laterally produced, obtuse. Broader, and with the humeral callus more distinctly produced than in *C. vittaticollis*, the elytral costæ more strongly elevated.

23. *Chalepus viridanus*. (Tab. III. fig. 8.)

Subeuneiformis, subdepressus; subtus niger, nitidus; pedibus (tibiis apice tarsisque exceptis) flavis, pectoris lateribus obscure fulvis; supra flavus, minus nitidus, scutello, collo utrinque, antennisque piceis; thorace sat crebre punctato; elytris decem- medio nono-seriato-punctatis; prasinis, late flavo limbatis, limbi maculis fasciaque subapicali nigris.

Long. 2 lin.

Hab. PANAMA, Caldera in Chiriqui 1200 feet (*Champion*).

Interocular space very slightly produced; vertex and front smooth, impunctate, obtuse, fulvous, sides of neck nigro-piceous. Antennæ longer than the head and thorax, thickened towards the apex, joints cylindrical, the five outer ones forming a slender, elongate club; eyes black. Thorax transverse; sides straight and parallel, converging at the extreme apex, anterior angle armed with an obtuse tooth; disc transversely convex, transversely depressed behind the middle, closely and coarsely punctured, outer limb narrowly edged with piceo-fulvous. Elytra oblong, increasing in width from the base towards the apex, the latter obtusely rounded; lateral margin finely, the apical one more strongly, serrulate; each elytron at the base and apex with ten, the middle disc with nine, rows of punctures; the second, fourth, sixth (at base and apex), and eighth interspaces