

slightly broader than long; sides converging from base to apex, obsoletely angulate; above subcylindrical, transversely depressed on the hinder disc, closely and coarsely punctured; lateral margin narrowly edged with piceous. Elytra oblong, parallel; apices conjointly, obtusely rounded; margin minutely serrulate; upper surface convex on the sides and at the apex, slightly flattened along the suture; each elytron with ten, about the middle disc with nine, at the extreme base with eleven, rows of deeply impressed punctures; the second, fourth, and eighth interspaces (the basal third of the last excepted), together with the sixth at base and apex, costate, the suture also elevated.

This species differs, according to Dr. Horn, from the smaller forms of *C. (Odontota) rubra* in having the thorax much less dilated posteriorly, and in the absence of the rather abrupt expansion of the apices of the elytra; the elytral costæ are also less elevated.

26. *Chalepus contiguus*. (Tab. III. fig. 12.)

Anguste elongatus; subtus niger, nitidus, prosterno thoracisque apice, fulvis; supra minus nitidus; thorace subcylindrico, disco postico transversim depresso, fortiter subcrebre foveolato-punctato, lateribus obsolete angulatis; fulvo, plaga subquadrata discoidali ad basin adfixa, interdum vittam angustam ad marginem anticum emittente nigro-picea instructo; elytris elongatis, parallelis, medio obsolete constrictis, apice rotundatis, serrulatis; utrisque decem- medio octo-seriato-punctatis, interstitiis elevato-reticulatis; interspatiis secundo, quarto octavoque costatis; plaga laterali lata a basi ad longe pone medium extensa, fulva ornatis.

Var. A. Thoracis plaga fere obsoleta.

Long. $2\frac{1}{2}$ lin.

Hab. PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui 2500 to 4000 feet (var. A), Taboga Island (*Champion*).

Vertex and front bisulcate; interocular space moderately produced. Antennæ more than one third the length of the body, filiform, slightly thickened towards the apex. Thorax transverse; sides nearly straight and parallel from the base to the middle, thence obliquely converging and slightly rounded to the apex; above subcylindrical, transversely excavated on the hinder disc, deeply and somewhat closely punctured. Elytra parallel, obsoletely constricted in the middle, serrulate, regularly rounded at the apex; each elytron with ten, about the middle with eight, rows of punctures; second, fourth, and eighth interspaces costate, the suture also elevated.

27. *Chalepus fraternus*. (Tab. III. fig. 10.)

Elongatus, fere parallelus, fulvus; pectoris lateribus, pedibus, femoribus (basi excepta), antennis elytrorumque apice nigris; thorace transverso, crebre punctato, lateribus subangulato-rotundatis; scutello nigro-piceo; elytris subparallelis, apice obtuse rotundatis, margine serrulato; utrisque decem- vix ante medium nono-seriato-punctatis; interspatiis secundo et quarto æqualiter, octavo minus fortiter, costatis, sutura modice elevata.

Long. 3 lin.

Hab. MEXICO, Cordova (*Höge*).

Vertex smooth, impunctate; interocular space moderately produced, angulate.