

tooth; upper surface subcylindrical, rather deeply excavated transversely on the hinder disc, closely and strongly punctured, medial line with a very fine longitudinal groove. Elytra narrowly elongate-ovate; sides slightly rounded, finely serrulate; apex regularly rounded, angulate-emarginate at the sutural angle, distinctly serrulate; each elytron with ten rows of punctures, the second and fourth interspaces distinctly, the sixth at base and apex, together with the eighth entirely, obsoletely costate.

43. *Chalepus angulosus*.

Elongatus, fere parallelus, niger; subtus nitidus, prosterno fulvo; supra subopacus, capite scutelloque nigris, illo inter oculos sat valde producto, apice angulato; thorace transverso; lateribus angulatis, dorso transversim convexo, ante basin depresso, velutino, vage subcrebre punctato; fulvo, lateribus vittaque lata discoidali nigris; elytris fere parallelis, apicem versus obsolete ampliatis, apice regulariter rotundatis; margine apicali obsolete, apicali distincte, serrulatis; utrisque decem-seriato-punctatis; interspatiis secundo, quarto octavoque nec non sexto basi, costatis; vitta lata laterali a basi ad longe pone medium extensa, postice attenuata, basi linea submarginali brevi ~~nigra~~^{nigro}, fulva notata, ornatis.

Long. 3 lin.

Hab. PANAMA, David, Volcan de Chiriqui 2000 to 4000 feet (*Champion*).

Vertex and front opaque, trisulcate; interocular space rather strongly produced, its apex angulate. Antennæ nearly half the length of the body, tapering at base and apex; joints cylindrical, the first and third nearly equal in length, the second joint shorter. Thorax transverse; sides angulate, nearly straight, obsoletely sinuate behind the middle, converging and distinctly sinuate from thence to the apex, the apical angle laterally acute; upper surface transversely convex, transversely depressed on the hinder disc and again obsoletely before the middle, vaguely but somewhat closely punctured. Elytra nearly parallel, obsoletely dilated towards the posterior angle, rounded at the apex, the lateral margin obsoletely, the apical one distinctly, serrulate; each elytron with ten rows of punctures, the second, fourth, and eighth interspaces, together with the basal portion of the sixth, costate.

44. *Chalepus similatus*.

Elongatus, subcylindricus, niger nitidus; femoribus anticis quatuor basi thoraceque fulvis; hoc transverso, rude foveolato-punctato; apice, lobo basali, nec non lateribus angulatis, anguste piceo marginatis; elytris parallelis, apice rotundatis, serrulatis; utrisque decem-seriato-punctatis, striis integris, sutura interspatiisque secundo, quarto et octavo, nec non sexto pone medium, costatis; vitta lata discoidali, a basi ad medium extensa, fulva.

Long. 3 lin.

Hab. GUATEMALA, Cubulco (*Champion*); PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui 2500 to 4000 feet (*Champion*).

Head smooth and shining, faintly tinged with æneous; front moderately produced, trisulcate, its anterior portion covered with an ill-defined fulvo-piceous patch. Antennæ rather more than one third the length of the body, filiform, slightly thickened towards the apex; the two basal joints subovate, equal in length, the third joint one fourth