

from Ciudad in Durango are much smaller than the type figured, measuring only 9 millim. (instead of 12) in length.

16. *Physonota ovata*.

Physonota ovata, Boh. Monogr. Cassid. ii. p. 219¹, and iv. p. 250²; Cat. Col. Ins. Brit. Mus. ix. p. 101³.

Hab. MEXICO¹⁻³, Puebla, Parada, Peras, Oaxaca (*Sallé*), Xucumanatlan in Guerrero (*H. H. Smith*), Misantla (*Höge*).

Very like *P. humilis*, but smaller and more ovate; the elytra in the male broader and with more rounded humeri, the suture bordered with black beneath at the apex.

17. *Physonota citrinella*.

Physonota citrinella, Boh. Monogr. Cassid. ii. p. 219¹, and iv. p. 250²; Cat. Col. Ins. Brit. Mus. ix. p. 101³.

"Oblongo-ovata, modice convexa, subnitida, dilute citrina, marginibus albidis, diaphanis; antennis extrorsum nigris; prothorace semicirculari, immaculato, extrorsum confertim reticulato; elytris crebre alutaceis, punctis sat profundis, remotis, hinc inde seriatis impressis; subtus margine macula basali suturaque apice, nigris.—Long. 10, lat. 7 millim."

Hab. MEXICO¹⁻³.

This species is compared with *P. ovata*, and stated to be nearly one half larger than that insect. I am unable to identify it amongst the large number of Mexican *Physonotæ* before me.

18. *Physonota disjuncta*. (Tab. VIII. fig. 23.)

Cassida disjuncta, Chevr. Col. Mex., Cent. i. fasc. iii. no. 82¹.

Physonota disjuncta, Boh. Monogr. Cassid. ii. p. 207², and iv. p. 249³; Cat. Col. Ins. Brit. Mus. ix. p. 100⁴.

Hab. MEXICO¹⁻⁴ (*Sallé*, ex coll. Sturm), Ciudad in Durango 8100 feet, Milpas in Durango 5900 feet (*Forrer*), Omilteme in Guerrero 8000 feet, Cuernavaca in Morelos (*H. H. Smith*), Boca del Monte, Monte Verde, Jalapa (*Höge*), Guanajuato, Juquila in Oaxaca (*Sallé*).

A common Mexican species, easily known by the three black vittæ on the prothorax and elytra.

19. *Physonota caudata*. (Tab. VIII. fig. 24, ♀.)

Physonota caudata, Boh. Monogr. Cassid. ii. p. 222¹, and iv. p. 251²; Cat. Col. Ins. Brit. Mus. ix. p. 101³.

Hab. MEXICO¹⁻³, Orizaba (*Sallé*), Misantla, Jalapa, Paso de San Juan (*Höge*).

Not uncommon in the Mexican State of Vera Cruz. The females have longer and more caudate elytra than the males.

20. *Physonota attenuata*. (Tab. VIII. fig. 25, ♀.)

Physonota attenuata, Boh. Monogr. Cassid. ii. p. 223¹, and iv. p. 251²; Cat. Col. Ins. Brit. Mus. xi. p. 102³.