

Nine specimens. Closely allied to *P. humilis*, Boh., but of more ovate, more convex shape; the elytra in the male much wider than the prothorax, and in both sexes more rapidly narrowing posteriorly; the humeri are broadly rounded in the male.

24. **Physonota translucida.** (Tab. IX. fig. 7, ♂.)

Physonota translucida, Boh. Monogr. Cassid. ii. p. 225¹, and iv. p. 252²; Cat. Col. Ins. Brit. Mus. ix. p. 102³.

Physonota flaveola, Boh. Monogr. Cassid. ii. p. 226⁴, and iv. p. 253⁵; Cat. Col. Ins. Brit. Mus. ix. p. 102⁶.

Physonota plicata, Wag. Mittheil. Münch. ent. Ver. i. p. 61⁷.

Hab. MEXICO¹⁻⁷ (*Sallé*, ex coll. *Sturm*; coll. *Baly*), Parada (*Sallé*), Amula in Guerrero (*H. H. Smith*).

Apparently confined to Central and Western Mexico. As in *P. attenuata*, the females are more elongate and have more attenuate elytra than in the males. The specimens (♂ ♀) labelled *P. translucida* and *P. flaveola*, Boh., in the *Sallé* collection, determined, I believe, by Boheman himself, certainly belong to one species. I have examined one of Boheman's types (♂) of *P. flaveola*, kindly communicated by the authorities of the Berlin Museum. The prothorax (as in some of the allied species) usually has an oblique fold extending across the expanded margin from the obtuse hind angles to the disc, a character not mentioned by Boheman.

A specimen from Parada, agreeing perfectly with one of Boheman's types of *P. flaveola* in the Berlin Museum, is figured.

25. **Physonota eucalypta.** (Tab. IX. fig. 8.)

Physonota eucalypta, Boh. Monogr. Cassid. iv. p. 252¹.

Hab. BRITISH HONDURAS, R. Sarstoon (*Blancaneaux*); GUATEMALA (*Sallé*), Chiacam, Senahu, Chacoj, Sabo, San Joaquin, and San Gerónimo in Vera Paz, Aceituno (*Champion*), Coban (*Conradt*); COSTA RICA¹.

This is a large species closely resembling *Platycycla deruta*, Boh.; but it is narrower than that insect, and has the elytra less deeply emarginate at the base, the base of the prothorax not nearly so obliquely truncate at the sides.

26. **Physonota maculiventris.** (Tab. IX. fig. 9, ♂.)

Physonota maculiventris, Boh. Monogr. Cassid. ii. p. 229¹, and iv. 253²; Cat. Col. Ins. Brit. Mus. ix. p. 102³.

Hab. MEXICO¹⁻³ (coll. *Baly*), Cordova (*Sallé*), Oaxaca (*Höge*), Chiapas (*Mus. Brit.*).

In this species the tibiæ are obtusely dilated at the apex, a peculiarity not mentioned by Boheman, though he gives a similar character for the Mexican *Omoplata maculicollis*.