

18. *Dasydactylus cyanopterus*.

Sanguineo-rufus, elytris cæruleis; antennis pedibusque nigris, his basi rufis; abdominis apice nigrescente.

Long. 7-8 millim. ♂ ♀.

Mas prothorace magis convexo; tarsi anticis villosis, femoribus tibiisque asperatis.

Hab. MEXICO, Toxpam (*Sallé*).

Very nearly resembling *Languria cyanipennis*, Crotch; similarly coloured, but more cylindrical, and with the thorax more coarctate behind. The head and thorax are very finely, rather closely, punctate, and often inclining to bluish; the elytra are more distinctly punctate than in *L. cyanipennis*, and have the interstices narrower and here and there irregularly punctured. The males will be easily recognized by the characters given. The apices of the elytra are very faintly denticulate (so as hardly to be thus termed); yet this character, which may be seen in some specimens of both *D. cyanopterus* and *D. sellatus*, is important as confirming their relationship with the other species of this genus. Four specimens.

19. *Dasydactylus sellatus*. (Tab. I. fig. 14, ♀.)

Languria sellata, Crotch, Cist. Ent. i. p. 385¹.

"*L. angustata* proxima, sed capite, pedibus antennisque rufis, his clava infusata; elytris cyaneis, fascia rufa pone medium. Long. 3½-4 lin."

Hab. MEXICO¹, Teapa (*Höge*, *Sallé*), Tuxtla, Playa Vicente (*Sallé*), Cordova (*Höge*); BRITISH HONDURAS, R. Hondo (*Blancaneaux*).

Var. Capite nigro.

Hab. MEXICO, Teapa (*Höge*).

Bright ferruginous-red; the tarsi black, the claw-joint and claw reddish; the basal third and tip of the elytra steel-blue; the tip of the abdomen black; the apical and greater part of the preceding ventral segments also black. In several examples the femora, tibiæ, tarsi, and antennæ are indistinctly clouded with bluish-fuscous. The elytra are subulate; their apices almost pointed and faintly serrate, but not denticulate; distinctly punctate, the striæ so close as almost to be confused. The prosternal process is margined and greatly cut out at the tip. The male characters are similar to those of other species of *Dasydactylus*; but the hairs of the tarsi in both this and *D. cyanopterus*, to which it is nearly allied, are fine and silky; the femora and tibiæ of the front and middle legs are distinctly roughened.

One specimen, apparently not otherwise different, but with the head black, was captured by Herr Höge at Teapa.

20. *Dasydactylus ventralis*. (Tab. I. fig. 11, ♂.)

Languria ventralis, Chevrol. Col. Mex. Cent. i. fasc. 4, no. 98 (1834)¹ (nec *Langurites ventralis*, Crotch, Cist. Ent. i. p. 392).

Nigro-piceus, viridi-æneus, nitidus, subtus rufo-piceus; capite prothoraceque crebre minute punctatis, nitidis-