

27. *Mycotretus vittatus*. (Tab. III. fig. 21.)

Oblongus, parum ovatus, saturate rufo-testaceus, parcius sat profunde punctatus, capite puncto verticali, prothorace punctis quinque, scutello, elytris sutura, vitta sat lata limbo laterali epipleurisque, antennarum articulis quinque ultimis et tibiis, nigris; elytris fortiter punctato-striatis. Long. 6 millim.

Hab. GUATEMALA, Pantaleon, Zapote (*Champion*).

Head red, with the exception of a vertical spot; rather deeply and not very closely punctured; antennæ light yellow at their base, the five apical joints black. Thorax rather closely and deeply punctured; deep rusty-red, with the lateral margins narrowly black, and with two spots touching the front margin and three on the base. The elytra have the suture as far as the second stria, the entire lateral limb and epipleuræ, and a vitta between the fourth and sixth striæ (not reaching either the base or the apex), deep black and sharply defined.

This species has much the appearance of an *Ischyrys* owing to its parallel form.

Two specimens. We figure the one from Zapote.

28. *Mycotretus alternans*.

Sordide rufo-testaceus, breviter oblongo-ovatus, fere glaber; elytris flavis, subtiliter puncto-lineatis, interstitiis alternis fuscis; antennis (articulis tribus primis exceptis), prothoracis puncto in margine antico et altero basali triangulari scutelloque, nigris. Long. 6-6½ millim.

Hab. PANAMA, Bugaba (*Champion*).

A very peculiar species as regards coloration. The head is unspotted; the thorax bears a minute dot in the centre of the front margin, and another in the middle of the base. The elytra are lighter in colour than the thorax; the interstice between the first and second striæ and each alternate one is fuscous, the striæ themselves being blacker; the posterior part and also the two adjoining interstices after the fifth stria are suffused with fuscous; probably, from the appearance of our specimens, in life these parts have a nacreous hue. Allied to *M. dorso-notatus*, but lacking the double linear elytral spots. Five specimens.

29. *Mycotretus laccophilinus*. (Tab. IV. fig. 5.)

Oblongo-ovatus, rufo-testaceus; elytris punctato-striatis, maculis duabus pallide flavis, una laterali infra humerum, ægre discreta, altera transversali, versus apicem; antennis nigris, articulis tribus basalibus testaceis. Long. 6 millim.

Hab. PANAMA, Bugaba (*Champion*).

This species somewhat resembles *M. alternans*; its form is very evenly ovate, nearly elliptical, and rather convex; the head and thorax are light chestnut-red, smooth and shining; the elytra are nearly of the same colour, but the punctured striæ are faintly fuscous, the punctures in them small and very closely placed, but becoming obsolete before the apex. The spots, two on each elytron, are whitish-yellow; the legs and underside of the same light chestnut-red as the rest of the body. This and some other