

Apparently very rare ; I have only seen two specimens, one in Sallé's collection, the other in that of Crotch. The punctures in the elytral striæ are for the most part only indicated by fuscous dots in eight series, the series being continued to the apex ; it is only at the base and in a few instances that they are impressed, the surface of the elytra being quite even. The figure is taken from the specimen from Oaxaca.

2. *Lybas carbunculus*. (Tab. IV. fig. 16.)

Lybas carbunculus, Lac. Monogr. Erotyl. p. 238¹.

Hab. MEXICO, Toxpam (*Sallé*), Tabasco¹, Yucatan¹; GUATEMALA, Senahu in Vera Paz (*Champion*); PANAMA, Bugaba (*Champion*).

Var.? Major (7 millim.), minus læte sanguineus, prothorace utrinque punctis duobus magnis impressis.

Hab. GUATEMALA, Zapote (*Champion*).

A species usually distinguished by its medium size (vix 6 millim.), dark blood-red colour, and very shining varnished appearance. The sides of the metasternum have a few obsolete largish punctures, the rest of the underside being smooth. Metasternal and abdominal, plicate, raised lines are present. The antennæ are black, with two (in the Mexican) or three (in the Guatemalan specimens) joints red at the base. In the larger specimen from Zapote I see very little difference, except that two joints at the base of the antennæ are red, and that the general colour is lighter and less lucid.

3. *Lybas interpunctatus*.

Breviter ovatus, læte castaneus, lucidus ; antennis nigris, articulis tribus basi rufis ; elytris punctato-striatis, punctis haud magnis, interstitiis crebre et distincte punctulatis. Long. 6½ millim.

Hab. MEXICO, Cerro de Plumas (*Höge*).

Closely allied to *L. carbunculus*, from which it differs in its slightly larger size, rather broader form, and, especially, in the elytra being (under a strong lens) evidently punctured all over, the fine punctures being placed longitudinally between the serial ones as well as in the interstices. The head and thorax are very shining, but are punctate though extremely finely so. The serial punctures on the elytra are small and obsolete superficially, but distinct as fuscous spots under the surface. The underside is very smooth and shining, with only a few obsolete but large flat punctures on the sides of the metasternum. This species and its allies have frequently two or more quite symmetrical impressions upon the thorax ; but the impressions are not constant and of no use for characters—thus, one specimen of *L. interpunctatus* exhibits two oblique depressions near the centre of the thorax, while the other is quite free from them.

4. *Lybas anisotomoides*.

Concinne ovatus, convexus, pernitidus, saturate rufo-brunneus ; antennis nigris, articulis tribus basi rufis ; elytris punctulato-striatis. Long. 5 millim.