

Campeachy in Yucatan¹; GUATEMALA, San Juan, Chacoj, La Tinta, and Tamahu, all in Vera Paz (*Champion*).

Apparently a common insect where it occurs. A large number of examples were obtained at Teapa.

31. *Hyperaspis pauperula*.

Luteola vel albido-testacea, elytrorum macula pone medium, haud bene discreta, nigro-picea; sutura, disco et margine tenui plus minusve infuscat. Long. 2 millim.

Hab. GUATEMALA, San Gerónimo (*Champion*).

Near *H. subsignata*, but smaller. The elytral spot is distinctive, but is not constant, and the thorax has the middle only very obscurely darker than the sides.

32. *Hyperaspis marmorea*.

Oblongo-ovata, albido-lutescens; prothoracis basi et disco (medio profunde diviso) nec angulos posticos nec marginem anteriorem attingente nigris; sutura (ante medium dilatata) punctoque calloso nigro-piceis. Long. 3-3.5 millim.

Hab. PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui 4000 to 6000 feet (*Champion*).

In form this species resembles those of the first section. In colour it is a little like the Brazilian *H. insignis*, Crotch. The head is quite yellow in the male; in the female it is obscure piceous, with a brownish-yellow spot. The thorax in the male has a black stripe along the base, which is produced into two horns in the middle; while the female has the disc more widely black, with a narrow division, not reaching the base. The suture is not darkened at the scutellum, but below it, and is bordered with darker brown than the rest of the elytra; in some examples it has a very obscure, transverse, subapical cloud.

Five specimens were obtained.

33. *Hyperaspis terminata*. (Tab. XI. fig. 17.)

Suborbiculata, pallide lutea; capite prothoraceque albidis, illo disco nigro; elytris aurantiacis, apice scutelloque nigris. Long. 2.5 millim.

Mas capite prothoracisque limbo antico et lateribus late albidis.

Femina capite nigro.

Hab. GUATEMALA, Zapote (*Champion*); PANAMA, Bugaba, Volcan de Chiriqui (*Champion*).

Head in the male white, in the female black, with only the mouth yellow. Thorax black, with the sides in the male white for a quarter the width, and the front margin also narrowly so, invading the front of the black in the middle, but not dividing it; in the female only a spot on the sides is white. Scutellum black or rufous. The elytra have sometimes the extreme edge at the base blackish; the callus, a line of punctures