

to me to be in general uniform—strong, even coarse, in some; the pubescence is thick, often denuded in a patch. The tibiæ are quite simple; the claws simple (they are said to be bifid in *Ortalia* and *Zenoria*).

1. *Neaporia plagioderina*. (Tab. XII. fig. 2.)

Ferruginea, capite prothoraceque testaceis, hoc medio, illo basi infuscatis; elytris saturate cæruleis, crebre fortiter punctatis, apice tenuiter rufo. Long. 4 millim.

Hab. PANAMA, Bugaba (*Champion*).

Orbicular, somewhat depressed; head and thorax yellow, but clouded with black at the base, and in the centre from the front to the base in the latter very finely punctured. The thorax narrow in front, the sides but little rounded, the front angles produced and depressed, neatly fitting the eyes, which, however, owing to their large size, can, I think, hardly be withdrawn; it is very transverse and arcuate, the base gently bisinuate and finely margined. The scutellum is large and black. The elytra have a depression on each side of the scutellum extending a little way down the suture; the callus is distinct, as in *Poria*; their sides are very finely margined, not at all explanate, sinuate for the reception of the hind coxæ.

One example.

2. *Neaporia indagator*. (Tab. XII. fig. 3.)

Testaceo-ferruginea, superne nigro-cærulea, ore epistomateque ferrugineis; prothorace brevi, tenuiter, elytris fortiter crebre punctatis. Long. 3 millim.

Hab. GUATEMALA, Sinanja in Vera Paz, Cerro Zunil, Las Mercedes, Volcan de Atitlan (*Champion*); PANAMA, Bugaba, Volcan de Chiriqui (*Champion*).

Var.? Prothoracis angulis anticis testaceis.

Hab. GUATEMALA, San Isidro, Volcan de Atitlan (*Champion*).

Upperside dark indigo-blue, thickly clothed with silvery-grey pubescence, which is generally more or less denuded on the front and middle of the elytra. The mouth and front of the epistome, mouth-organs, antennæ, legs, and body are ferruginous; the breast darker and coarsely punctured. The head and prothorax are very finely, the elytra strongly and sparsely, punctured; the punctures on the latter are distinct points, sometimes confluent, and becoming closer towards the sides. The prothorax is very short, arcuate in form, the front angles being prominent and depressed; the whole width is four times the length. The scutellum is distinct and triangular, punctured, and black. The epipleuræ are indistinctly yellowish, horizontally sinuate, and slightly fossulate for the reception of the hind femora.

Six examples of the type, and a single specimen of the variety.