

11. **Neaporia compta.** (Tab. XII. fig. 11.)

Breviter ovalis, fere orbicularis, rufa; capite prothoraceque subtiliter, elytris cæruleis concinne fortius punctatis. Long. 2 millim.

Hab. PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui (*Champion*).

Readily distinguished from any other species of the genus here described by its colour, which is wholly dark ferruginous-red, with the exception of the elytra. The latter are deep blue, with the sutural angle very slightly red. The scutellum is obscure, but is plainly reddish. The thorax is short, about three times as wide as long. The whole insect is moderately convex, clothed above with a short silvery pubescence; the head is very flat between the eyes; the puncturing of the head and thorax is very fine, but quite visible, that of the elytra much more distinct, not deep, and rather stellate; the tip of the elytra is very narrowly red, and the red pygidium (not quite covered) enhances the red appearance of the apex.

12. **Neaporia chiriquensis.** (Tab. XII. fig. 12.)

Breviter oblonga, convexa, rufo-ferruginea; capite (ore epistomateque exceptis), prothorace elytrorumque triente apicali nigro-cæruleis; capite elytrisque parcius fortiter, prothorace subtiliter punctatis. Long. 2·5 millim.

Hab. PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui (*Champion*).

The head is very deeply and almost rugosely punctured. The thorax is very short, four times as wide as long, the sides margined and reflexed, the front angles acute, depressed; the base has a very fine marginal line; the punctuation, though quite visible, is very fine and close. The scutellum is red. The elytra are rich deep red, but their apical third, extending further on the disk than at the suture or on the sides, is blue-black; the punctures are large, rather stellate, sparse, but thicker and here and there confluent near the scutellum; the narrowly reflexed margin is red all round. There is scarcely any pubescence visible in the single example before me.

13. **Neaporia guatemalana.**

Oblonga, nigra, subnitida, breviter canescens; elytris subcæruleis, ore, pedibus abdominisque apice rufis; prothorace brevi, transverso, cum capite creberrime punctato, elytris parcius sed crebre punctatis. Long. 2 millim.

Hab. GUATEMALA, Capetillo, Dueñas, San Gerónimo (*Champion*).

Var.? Parum angustior, prothorace interdum piceo, elytris subæneis.

Hab. MEXICO, Jalapa (*Höge*), Amula in Guerrero 6000 feet (*H. H. Smith*).

More oblong than *N. cærulea*, with the thorax more transverse, being formed as in *N. metallica* and its allies, the base truncate, a little sinuate, the front angles prominent and reaching to the front of the eyes when the head is depressed; there is a very small punctiform depression behind the eyes. The whole upper surface is rather