

3. *Epilachna plagiata*. (Tab. XIII. fig. 3.)

Oblongo-ovata, valde convexa, nigra, nitida, dense brevissime pubescens; elytrorum marginibus modice explanatis, in medio latissimis, disco macula magna transversa plagaque lata versus apicem, juxta suturam sanguineis ornato. Long. 10 millim.

Hab. PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui 4000 to 6000 feet (*Champion*).

Oblong-ovate, the thorax narrower, but not very strikingly so, than the base of the elytra, and hence the oval outline is not much interrupted at their junction. The expanded edge of the elytra is widest in the middle and narrowed towards the base and the apex. Their disk is extremely closely, finely and evenly punctured, and thickly clothed with a pubescence that does not prevent their surface shining. The blood-red patches are very distinctly marked: the basal pair look as if they would form a fascia, but are abbreviated externally, and are interrupted at the suture; the posterior pair are twice as long as wide, rather pointed towards the apex.

4. *Epilachna erichsoni*.

Epilachna erichsoni, Crotch, Rev. Coccin. p. 58¹.

Hab. PANAMA, Veragua (*Mus. Berol.*)¹.

I have not seen the type of this species. It must be near to the insect here described as *E. plagiata*, but the elytra in *E. erichsoni* are described as being "dark metallic green," and the insect from Chiriqui is larger.

B. *Elytra ovate, widest a little above the middle.*

5. *Epilachna olivacea*.

Epilachna olivacea, Muls. Spec. Col. Trim. sécur. p. 808¹; Crotch, Rev. Coccin. p. 62 (pars)².

Hab. MEXICO^{1 2}, Cordova (*Höge*), Toxpam (*Sallé*); GUATEMALA (*Sallé*), Ostuncalco 7500 feet, Totonicapam 8500 to 10,500 feet, Quiché Mountains 7000 to 8000 feet (*Champion*).

We received a series of twenty-five examples from Ostuncalco, showing very little variation in size and colour; others from Mexico or Guatemala in the Sallé collection are darker, but of the same form and size. Three of the five examples placed under *E. olivacea* in the Cambridge Museum belong to *E. obscurella*, which appears to me to be more nearly allied to *E. varivestis*, but separable from both it and *E. olivacea* by the black legs and trophi.

6. *Epilachna picescens*.

Oblongo-ovatis, picea, superne nigro-picea; prothorace maculis tribus piceis ægre distinctis; elytrorum marginibus modice expansis, dilutioribus. Long. 11 millim.

Hab. PANAMA, Bugaba 800 to 1500 feet (*Champion*).

Larger, more widely ovate, and with the margins more widely expanded than in