

The transverse radial nervure is received in the apical third of the cellule, the transverse median a little in front of middle of the cellule; the second recurrent interstitial; the third cubital cellule is a little shorter than the second, much wider at the base than at the apex; bullæ not very distinct. The claws are bifid; the posterior spurs black; the posterior tibiæ black, except at the base; the middle pair only black at the apical half. The two apical joints of all the tarsi are black; the rest of the tarsi pallid testaceous; the legs are more pallid in colour than the body. The sheath is black and long.

Very closely allied to *M. testaceipes*, but smaller and broader compared with the length; the antennæ are thinner and not so densely clothed or with such a long pile; frontal area less defined, antennal foveæ smaller and not united by a suture, the under fovea especially being much smaller; the clypeus is not so rounded, the nervures are not so dark, being testaceous not blackish, the spurious veins less distinct; and the tarsi are not so white.

### 8. *Monophadnus testaceus*.

Testaceus, antennis sat dense pilosis, nigris, basi testacea, foveola interantennali magna, tibiæ intermediarum apice, posticis ultra medium nigris; tarsis albidis, apice nigro; alis hyalinis, apice lenissime fusco, nervis fuscis; stigmatibus et costa testaceis.

Long. 11 millim.

*Hab.* GUATEMALA, San Gerónimo (*Champion*).

Antennæ pilose, the scape and the base of the third joint testaceous, thickened in the middle, third longer than fourth; last four joints abruptly shorter, very slightly attenuated. Head narrow, retreating behind the eyes, where it is very slightly developed; sutures on the vertex shallow; frontal area visible only as a depression in front of the ocellus; antennal fovea distinct, central large, a little longer than broad, running into the lateral ones at its apex. Clypeus rounded. Face short; eyes not reaching to the mandibles. The transverse median nervure is received a very little in front of the middle of the cellule, the transverse radial in the apical fourth; third cubital cellule wider and much shorter than the second; the second recurrent nervure is received a very little in front of the second transverse cubital and in the second cubital cellule; the accessory nervure in the hind wing shortly appendiculated. Claws simple; the extreme apex of the posterior tarsi is black.

Easily known from the other yellow species by the third cubital cellule being shorter than the second, and by the second recurrent nervure being received in the second cubital cellule; but the latter may be an exceptional character.

### 9. *Monophadnus tibialis*.

Testaceus, antennis, tibiis tarsisque nigris, alis flavo-hyalinis, apice fusco, cellula cubitali 3<sup>a</sup> longiore quam 2<sup>a</sup>. Long. 14 millim.

*Hab.* GUATEMALA, San Gerónimo (*Champion*).

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