

Easily known from *S. villosa* by the short non-dilated third cubital cellule and black coxæ and femora, these being in *S. villosa* yellowish, it having besides a distinct first transverse cubital nervure.

7. *Sericocera leucopoda*. (Tab. III. fig. 3.)

Nigra, clypeo, labro, antennis basi pedibusque albidis, tarsis tibiis et posticarum apice nigris; pronoto, mesonoto cum scutello mesopleuris et supra rufis; alis fumatis, cellula cubitali tertia altitudine brevior, apice non producta.

Long. 7 millim.

Hab. PANAMA, Bugaba (*Champion*).

The frontal sutures are deep; the frontal area is raised, and has a thick sloping border, is hollow in the centre, and becomes narrower and shallower towards the apex; but the apex has a small depression which is separated from the upper hollow by a shallow ridge. The apical ocellus is bounded by the deep furrow of the frontal area. The front between the antennæ is carinated; the clypeus is truncated at the apex. The middle lobe of the mesonotum and the base of the pronotum are marked with black. The transverse median nervure is united to the accessory nervure, which ends at the junction of the two; the first recurrent nervure is received in the basal third of the cellule, the second close to the second transverse cubital nervure; the third cellule is shorter than broad, the top a little narrower than the bottom; the third transverse cubital nervure is curved. The antennæ are filiform, densely pilose, and nearly as long as the abdomen; the basal joints are white on the underside, as is also the face between the antennæ and the clypeus.

8. *Sericocera læta*.

Nigra, facie palpisque sordide albidis; prothorace, mesonoto cum scutello, pleuris tegulisque rufis; pedibus albis, tibiis dimidio apicali tarsisque nigris; alis fumatis, stigmate fusco.

Long. 6 millim.

Hab. PANAMA, San Felix (*Champion*).

The antennæ are thin, as long as the thorax and head together, densely pilose, tapering towards the apex; sutures on vertex indistinct; frontal and antennal areas obsolete, the lower ocellus situated in a very shallow pit; clypeus shortly and roundly incised. Abdomen short, not much longer than the thorax, truncated at the apex; sheath covered with long hairs. Wings long; third cellule almost square, not longer than the first; second dilated at apex, and with a horny point.

Allied closely to *S. leucopoda*, but is a shorter and broader insect; the third cubital cellule is longer, and the third transverse cubital nervure is not so bent; the second recurrent nervure is received further from the second transverse cubital; the pit in which the lower ocellus is placed is not so deep nor so well marked as in *S. leucopoda*, and the tibiæ are more broadly marked with black. The nervure along the upperside of the radial cellule is very distinct, but does not form a cellule at the apex.