

3. *Lophyroides ruficollis*. (Tab. III. figg. 11, ♂; 11 α, antennæ of ♂.)

Niger, pronoto, mesonoto, mesopleuris tegulisque rufis; femoribus tibiisque anterioribus sordide testaceis; alis nigris, cellula cubitali secunda fere longiore quam tertia; antennis 15-articulatis. ♂.

Long. 9 millim.

Hab. PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui (*Champion*).

The sutures on the vertex are wide, clearly limiting the vertex, which is raised between them, and has a broad transverse furrow behind the ocelli, and a shallower longitudinal one behind the transverse furrow in the middle; a furrow, wide but not deep, runs from the lower ocellus to near the base of the antennæ; the front is raised, and curves down between the antennæ, ending in a (comparatively) sharp point close to the middle of the antennæ, from which it tapers to near the base of the clypeus. The apex of the clypeus is truncated; the labrum is piceous. The wings and nervures are deep black; the second cubital cellule is a little longer than the first, and still longer than the third, which is almost square; the second recurrent nervure is received in front of the third cubital. The joints of the antennæ are fuscous. The scutellum is black; only the upper part of the pleuræ is red; the anterior tibiæ and femora are more or less fuscous behind.

4. *Lophyroides godmani*.

Niger, pronoto, mesonoto, cum scutello, mesopleuris tegulisque rufis; alis fuscis, cellula cubitali tertia longiore quam secunda; antennis 14-articulatis. ♀.

Long. 9 millim.

Hab. GUATEMALA, Las Mercedes 3000 feet (*Champion*).

The frontal sutures are flat and indistinct; the space behind the ocelli and between the sutures is not raised or clearly defined, nor is there any transverse suture behind the ocelli; the central antennal fovea is large, much longer than broad; the front between the antennæ and at the end of the fovea projects. The antennæ are not much longer than the head and thorax, pilose; the third joint much longer than the fourth; the last conical, and much narrower than the thirteenth. The second cubital cellule is distinctly longer than the first, and shorter than the third by about one third; the fourth is a little shorter than the second and third together. The wings are darker at the base; the upper half only of the pleuræ is red.

Easily known from *L. ruficollis* by the red scutellum, much longer third cubital cellule, interstitial second recurrent nervure, and by the vertex not being separated from the rest of the head by deep furrows.

5. *Lophyroides cordoviensis*.

Lophyrus cordoviensis, Norton, Trans. Amer. Ent. Soc. ii. p. 323; Catal. p. 177 (♂)¹.

Hab. MEXICO ¹.