

1. *Balna nigriceps*.

Rufa; capite, scapo antennarum abdomineque nigris, alis hyalinis.

Long. 3-4 millim.

Hab. GUATEMALA, Volcan de Atitlan 2500 to 3000 feet (*Champion*).

The antennæ are as long as the body, filiform, becoming very slightly thicker towards the apex; third joint a very little longer than the fourth, the rest to the penultimate becoming gradually shorter, the last one half longer than the twelfth; the first double the length of the second, which is broader than long. Vertex raised, its centre hollow. Head broad behind the eyes, where there is a suture. Prothorax ridged, the ridge scarcely sloping towards the coxæ, with a very slight slope in front, and ending in the centre in a small blunt tubercle. Lateral suture on mesonotum deep, ending at the prothoracic ridge, middle suture short. In the middle of the mesonotum is a blunt, comparatively large, tubercle. A ridge separates the scutellum from mesonotum; it has one large hollow at the base, and has a sharp blunt ridge in the centre; it is hollow on either side of this and ends in a short, blunt spine, but the ridge is depressed before ending in the spine. The pleuræ are smooth, impunctate. The metanotum is thickly covered with white hair.

NERALSIA.

Antennæ 13-jointed, thick, increasing in thickness towards the apex; first joint double the length of second, which is ovate; third longer than fourth; the sixth to the penultimate thicker than preceding, a little longer than broad, rounded at base and apex, striated; last nearly double the length of twelfth. Eyes bare, margined. Ocelli in a triangle. Pronotum margined, very nearly perpendicular in front. Mesonotum smooth, shining, with two sutures; scutellum with two large foveæ at the base, prolonged into a moderately long spine at the apex. Petiole striated. Radial cellule not much longer than broad, completely closed all round. Cubital nervure incomplete, apex of wing ciliated. Mandibles stout, not much longer than broad, with three short blunt teeth. Maxillary palpi 4-jointed.

This genus is intermediate between the Onychiina and the Figitina. It agrees with the former group in the structure of the thorax and abdomen, with the latter in the form of the antennæ. The almost moniliform joints of the latter distinguish it from any of the known genera of Anacharina.

1. *Neralsia rufipes*. (Tab. IV. figg. 9 ♀; 9 a, antenna; b, scutellum; c, ovipositor.)

Nigra, abdominis basi pedibusque rufis; alis hyalinis, medio fusco-maculatis.

Long. 3-4.

Hab. GUATEMALA, Pantaleon 1700 feet (*Champion*).

The antennæ are as long as the abdomen and half the thorax, slightly pilose, the hairs long and scattered; basal joint three times as long as the second, thickened