

Antennæ more than twice the length of the body, over 100-jointed, microscopically pilose, the third joint longer than the fourth. Pleuræ and metathorax covered with a fulvous pile; a stout keel down the centre of the metanotum. Petiole of nearly equal breadth, slightly tuberculate before the middle. Neuration nearly as in the preceding species.

3. **Alysia longicornis.** (Tab. XVI. fig. 22, ♂.)

Nigra, abdomine rufo-testaceo; alis fumatis, basi flavo-hyalinis. ♂ ♀.  
Long. 12 millim.; terebra 1 millim.

*Hab.* PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui 4000 to 6000 feet (*Champion*).

Antennæ more than twice the length of the body, over 100-jointed, microscopically pilose. Face sparsely covered with black hair. Pleuræ and breast with thicker and shorter fulvous hair; the metathorax with especially long hair. Metanotum with a stout keel, bifurcated at the apex, down the centre. Petiole dilated laterally on the lower side, the raised part being of nearly equal breadth throughout, and with a narrow furrow along the sides; depressed at the base. The apex of the abdomen is blunt. Wings: the recurrent nervure received in the second cubital cellule; the pabrachial transverse nervure interstitial; the first branch of the radial nervure half the length of the first transverse cubital nervure, the latter straight, as is also the basal nervure.

4. **Alysia erythrogaster.** (Tab. XVI. fig. 25, ♂.)

Nigra, abdomine rufo; alis fusco-violaceis. ♂ ♀.  
Long. 6 millim.; terebra 5 millim.

*Hab.* PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui 2500 to 4000 feet (*Champion*).

Antennæ 58-jointed, the flagellum rather densely microscopically pilose; scarcely twice the length of the body, the third joint shorter than the fourth. Metanotum with a double keel, united at the base, running down the centre. Abdomen a little shorter than the head and thorax united. Petiole subvertical, deeply excavated at the base, the central raised part keeled laterally, the keels reaching to the apex. Wings: first transverse cubital nervure but slightly bent, not elbowed; the recurrent nervure nearly interstitial; the pabrachial transverse nervure received at a greater distance from the latter than is the transverse cubital nervure from the stigma; the cubital nervure distinctly curved before the middle of the first cubital cellule; the first transverse cubital nervure a little more than one half longer than the second.

5. **Alysia championi.** (Tab. XVII. fig. 3, ♂.)

Nigra, nitida, capite, mesonoto abdominisque basi rufis; alis fumatis. ♂.  
Long. 7 millim.

*Hab.* MEXICO, Orizaba (*Bilimek*).