

## AULACUS.

*Aulacus*, Jurine, Nouv. Méth. de Class. les Hymén. p. 89 (1807).

A genus of almost universal distribution.

1. *Aulacus hyalinipennis*.

*Aulacus hyalinipennis*, Westw. Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. iii. p. 265 (1843)<sup>1</sup>.

*Hab.* MEXICO<sup>1</sup>.

2. *Aulacus ruficollis*. (Tab. XVIII. fig. 10, ♀.)

Niger, prothorace rufo, tarsis anterioribus testaceis; alis hyalinis, apice fasciæque substigmateli fuscis, stigmatate et nervis nigris. ♀.

Long. 9 millim.; terebra 6 millim.

*Hab.* GUATEMALA, Torola 1000 feet (*Champion*).

Antennæ filiform, a little longer than the head and thorax united; scape thick, truncated at the apex, one half the length of the second joint; second joint thicker than, and about one half the length of, the third joint; the flagellum microscopically pilose. Face rugose; above the mouth covered with long silvery-white hair; front closely punctured; vertex impunctate. Mandibles piceous at the base. Prothorax coarsely reticulated and striolated; deeply incised above, the edges curved, touching the head a little below the ocelli; longer than broad, a little narrowed in front, truncated behind, depressed in the middle above, the depression with stout keels; there is a deep oblique depression in the pleura. Mesothorax a little shorter than the prothorax; above rugosely reticulated; pleuræ rugosely punctured; scutellum flat. Metathorax rugosely punctured; a deep transverse depression at the base. Abdomen shorter than the thorax; the petiole pyriform, and forming nearly two thirds of the total length of the abdomen. The third and following segments are covered with white pile; the metathorax laterally and below the petiole bearing a longer and denser pile.

Subfam. *EVANIINÆ*.

## GASTERUPTION.

*Gasteruption*, Latreille, Précis Caract. Gén. des Ins. p. 113 (1796).

*Fænus*, Fabricius, Ent. Syst. Suppl. p. 240 (1798).

Species of *Gasteruption* are found in most parts of the world.