

Dueñas (*Champion*); COSTA RICA (*Van Patten*^{1 2}), Irazu, Rio Sucio (*Rogers*); PANAMA, Bugaba (*Champion*), Chiriqui (*Trötsch*).

This well-marked species may readily be distinguished from those with green on the underside of the wings in having the secondaries dark at the base, and with a broad rufous outer margin sprinkled with white scales.

T. remus and *T. longula** are allied species; but both of them have the upperside of the wings in the male brilliant blue. A male from Jalapa, Mexico, is figured.

10. Wings beneath drab or ochraceous. (Species 52.)

52. *Thecla jada*. (Tab. LII. figg. 13, 14 ♂.)

Thecla jada, Hew. Ill. Diurn. Lep. p. 87, t. 34. ff. 67, 68¹.

♂ alis cæruleis; anticis costa et dimidio apicali fuscescentibus, macula triangulari ad cellulæ finem fusco-nigra; posticis maculis submarginalibus indistinctis nigris, ea lobulo anali proxima et lobulo ipso rubidis, margine externo ipso nigro, introrsum albo limbato, ciliis albis: subtus pallide gilvis, lineis quatuor communibus transversis fuscis, duabus submarginalibus (una discali in posticis linea gilva includente) quarta per cellulæ finem, lobulo anali rufo puncto nigro, macula juxta eum quoque rufa.

♀ mari persimilis, sed major et colore cæruleo alarum paginae superioris paullo dilutior.

Hab. MEXICO (*Deppe*), Presidio (*Forrer*), Jalapa (*Höge*, *W. Schaus*), Cordova (*Rümeli*), Oaxaca (*Fenochio*); GUATEMALA, Polochic and Chisoy valleys (*F. D. G. & O. S.*), San Gerónimo (*F. D. G. & O. S.*, *Champion*), Dueñas (*Champion*), Coban (*Von Türckheim*).

Originally described from Mexican specimens, whence we also have examples from as far north as Presidio near Mazatlan. In Guatemala *T. jada* is very common near Dueñas and elsewhere. The tail of the secondaries is barely developed in southern individuals, but in Mexican examples it is much more evident. A male from Jalapa, Mexico, is figured.

h^{'''}. Anal angle of secondaries less elongated, the anal lobe less prominent.

(Species 53–209.)

a^{'''}. One subcostal branch emitted before the end of the cell of the primaries and one after it. (Species 53, 54.)

53. *Thecla jantias*. (Tab. LII. fig. 15 ♂.)

Papilio jantias, Cram. Pap. Ex. t. 213. D, E¹.

Papilio hassan, Stoll, Suppl. Cram. Pap. Ex. t. 38. ff. 4, 4 D².

Thecla cecina, Hew. Descr. Lyc. p. 34³; Ill. Diurn. Lep. p. 202⁴.

♂ alis supra saturate cyaneis; anticis costa late, margine externo et venis omnibus nigris, stigmate nigro ad

* This species was originally described as from Mexico (Hew. Descr. Lyc. p. 34), but subsequently (Ill. Diurn. Lep. p. 200) stated to be from New Granada, Ecuador, and Bolivia. We have specimens from Colombia and Venezuela, but none from our country.