

Mexico southwards. In Guatemala it is found at elevations ranging between 3000 to 4000 feet above the sea. It has no near allies, and is extremely constant in its coloration throughout its wide range.

57. **Thecla atesa.** (Tab. LII. figg. 18, 19 ♂.)

Thecla atesa, Hew. Ill. Diurn. Lep. p. 79, t. 31. ff. 31, 32¹.

Alis nigricantibus; anticarum margine interno ad cellulæ medium et area posticarum interna angulum analem adeunte cæruleis, stigmatе cellulari fusco: subtus pallide brunneis, anticis macula basali, altera ad cellulæ finem et duabus ad marginem externum rufescentibus; posticis macula subcostali nigra fulvo circumcincta, linea supra cellulam, altera per eam et marginis externi dimidio apicali rufescentibus, linea a vena submediana ad ramum medianum secundum arcuata albida, introrsum late nigricante marginata, area anali nigricante viridi-albo atomata, angulo ipso nigro introrsum albo notato, linea introrsum fusca, extrorsum fulva, angulo anali subparallela; antennis nigricantibus, vix albo annulatis, apicibus fulvis; abdomine subtus fulvo.

Hab. PANAMA, David (*Champion*), Chiriqui (*Ribbe*).—AMAZONS¹.

This species was described by Hewitson from a single specimen taken by Mr. Bates during his journey to the Tapajos river. Mr. Champion captured a good series of examples near David in the State of Panama. The blue colouring on the upper surface of the wings is rather more extensive in these specimens than in the type before us, and the wings are perhaps slightly less elongated; but these differences are hardly of specific value. Our figure represents a male from David, Chiriqui.

3. T. ATENA section.

58. **Thecla atena.**

Thecla atena, Hew. Ill. Diurn. Lep. p. 92, t. 36. f. 93, t. 37. f. 101¹.

♂ alis nitidissime cyaneis; anticis costa, apice et margine externo nigricantibus, stigmatе parvo ad cellulæ finem: subtus schistaceo-fuscis; anticis linea transversa ultra cellulam alba utrinque nigro irregulariter limbata; posticis macula inter venam costalem et subcostalem albo pupillato, lineis duabus maculosis submarginalibus nigris, interiore interrupta, albo extrorsum limbata, exteriori introrsum viridi-argenteo marginata, angulo anali nigro, præter lobulo anali viridi-argenteo atomato.

♀ mari similis, quoad picturam paginæ alarum inferioris, supra alis fusco-nigris, ad basin tantum cæruleo lavatis.

Hab. GUATEMALA, Yzabal (*F. D. G. & O. S.*); NICARAGUA, Chontales (*Belt*); PANAMA, Bugaba (*Champion*), Chiriqui (*Zahn*).—SOUTH AMERICA, Venezuela and Amazons valley¹.

We have a single female from Guatemala, which we assign to this species, and three others of the same sex from Nicaragua, but from the State of Panama we have also males. These latter agree with specimens from the Amazons valley, whence the type was derived.

59. **Thecla hypsea**, sp. n. (Tab. LII. figg. 20, 21 ♂.)

♂ alis cyaneis viridi vix tinctis, extus nigro limbatis; anticis stigmatе supra cellulæ finem: subtus glauco-fuscescentibus, ad basin anticarum castaneis; posticis linea maculosa submarginali nigra, extrorsum albo limbata, lobulo anali nigro et juxta eum macula nigra albo atomata.

♀ nobis ignota.