

The type described by Hewitson was taken by us during an expedition to the forest region of Vera Paz, north of Coban, at an elevation of about 1500 feet above the sea. The colouring of the underside of the wings recalls *T. avoca* of the Amazons region, but the different form of the brand in the cell of the primaries makes it doubtful if there is any real relationship to that species. We have a second example from the Amazons valley agreeing closely with the type; this was formerly in Mr. Bates's collection, but unfortunately it is in bad condition, and the precise locality of its capture has not been recorded. We have refigured the type from Northern Vera Paz.

80. **Thecla primno**, sp. n. (Tab. LIII. figg. 25, 26 ♂.)

♀ alis anticis fusco-nigricantibus, area interna glauco-cærulea; posticis (præter costam et marginem externum et maculas duas ad angulum analem fuscas) glauco-cæruleis: subtus purpureo-fuscis; anticis area ad angulum analem albida, maculis submarginalibus fuscis albo limbatis, linea ultra cellulam macularum septem composita ad costam angulata alba; posticis ad costæ medium et area discali maculis et lineis albis irregulariter notatis, linea margini externo subparallela extrorsum albo notata, margine externo late albicante fusco atomato, margine ipso fusco, cilia intus alba, extus fusca, macula parva testacea inter ramos medianos, lobulo anali albo, puncto nigro et introrsum testaceo limbato.

Hab. PANAMA, Chiriqui (*Trötsch*).

We are unable to identify a female sent us by Dr. Staudinger, and which we now figure, with any species with which we are acquainted: the markings of the under surface of the wings suggest an affinity with *T. erema*, or perhaps *T. avoca*; but in the absence of the male we are unable to speak with certainty as to its relationship.

13. T. PHOBE section.

81. **Thecla phobe**, sp. n. (Tab. LIII. figg. 27, 28 ♂, 29 ♀.)

♂ alis fuscescentibus; anticis ad marginem internum et posticis præter marginem externum sericeo-cæruleis, stigmatibus ad cellulæ finem: subtus griseis, linea communi discali alba, introrsum (in posticis latissime) rufo-brunnea limbata, in posticis extrorsum eodem colore dense atomata, linea communi submarginali fusca, lobulo anali rufo-brunneo, macula juxta eum albo atomata, altera ejusdem coloris.

♀ mari similis, colore cæruleo alarum paginæ superioris minus nitido.

Hab. GUATEMALA, Chisoy valley (*F. D. G. & O. S.*), San Gerónimo (*Champion*), Coban (*mus. Staudinger*).

We have a pair of this very beautiful species, and have seen a third from Coban lent us by Dr. Staudinger. It is allied to *T. petilla* of the Amazons valley, but may be readily recognized by the much greater extension of the rufous-brown colour of the secondaries, which in our species is confluent, and not in semi-isolated spots as in *T. petilla*. *T. velina* is another allied species, in which the rufous-brown of the secondaries extends much nearer the base of the wing. The male figured is from the Chisoy valley, the female from San Gerónimo.