

111. **Thecla minthe**, sp. n. (Tab. LV. figg. 15, 16 ♂.)

*T. gadiræ* quoque similis, quoad picturam paginæ alarum superioris; anticis subtus dimidio interno sericeo-cyaneo facile distinguenda.

*Hab.* MEXICO, Milpas (*Forrer*).

Mr. Forrer obtained a single male specimen of this species in the Sierra Madre in Durango, at an elevation of nearly 6000 feet. In general appearance *T. minthe* is closely allied to *T. gadiræ* and *T. norax*, but may readily be distinguished by the blue patch on the under surface of the primaries beneath.

*b*<sup>5</sup>. Wings without an alar stigma. (Species 112–209.)

*f*<sup>5</sup>. Wings green beneath; secondaries with outer margin much rounded and without marginal filament. (Species 112–115.)

112. **Thecla quaderna**.

*Thecla quaderna*, Hew. Descr. Lyc. p. 35<sup>1</sup>; Ill. Diurn. Lep. p. 209, t. 83. ff. 703, 704<sup>2</sup>.

Alis nigris; anticis infra cellulam ad marginem internum, posticis interne et lineola submarginali ad angulum analem læte cæruleis; costa anticarum ipsa et ciliis, cervinis: subtus viridibus, linea communi discali ruberrima in anticis fere continua in posticis omnino fracta, lunulas varias formante, maculis aliis submarginalibus sagittiformibus quoque ruberrimis, squamis quibusdam nigris notatis.

*Hab.* MEXICO<sup>1 2</sup>, Las Vigas (*W. Schaus*); GUATEMALA, Quiche Mountains (*Champion*).

We have a single male specimen of this species, taken by Mr. Champion in the Quiche Mountains. The description was based upon a Mexican example which we have examined.

113. **Thecla aura**, sp. n. (Tab. LV. figg. 21, 22 ♂.)

*T. quadernæ* similis, sed anticis omnino nigris; posticis tantum medialiter cyaneis, lineola submarginali cærulea nulla: subtus magis glaucis, linea discali anticarum margini externo propiore, maculis submarginalibus rufis nullis.

*Hab.* COSTA RICA, Irazu (*Rogers*); PANAMA, Chiriqui (*Trötsch*).

This species is clearly distinct from *T. quaderna*, though closely allied to it. We have as yet only seen two male examples, one from each of the localities cited above. We figure the one from Costa Rica.

114. **Thecla attalion**, sp. n. (Tab. LV. figg. 19, 20 ♂.)

*T. quadernæ* quoque similis, sed alis supra omnino brunneis; posticis lineola submarginali ad angulum analem tantum cærulea.

*Hab.* MEXICO, Orizaba (*Sallé*).

The brown upper surface of the wings of this species renders it easily distinguishable