

We have several specimens from Nicaragua which agree with the types of *T. charichlorus*, of which *T. vespasianus* is undoubtedly the female, and all should pass under the name of *T. camissa*.

161. *Thecla emessa*.

Thecla emessa, Hew. Ill. Diurn. Lep. p. 111, t. 42. ff. 160, 161¹.

Thecla legytha, Hew. Ill. Diurn. Lep. p. 180, t. 71. ff. 537, 538².

Alis supra obscure fuscis; anticis cellulæ dimidio basali et infra eam ad marginem internum squamis viridibus aspersis, puncto nigro ad cellulæ finem; posticis medialiter squamis viridibus notatis, lobulo anali nigro puncto parvo rubro: subtus pallide fuscis, linea communi discali extrorsum albo limbata in posticis fracta, linea altera submarginali fusca in posticis utrinque albido limbata, lobulo anali nigro introrsum macula rubida, juxta eum plaga fusca albo atomata, macula magna inter ramos medianos rufo puncto nigro, margine externo nigricante introrsum albo limbato, ciliis sordide albis.

♀ alis supra omnino fusca, aliter alis maris similibus.

Hab. NICARAGUA, Chontales (*Belt*²); PANAMA (*Ribbe*).—AMAZONS VALLEY¹.

Dr. Staudinger has sent us a single male of this species captured by Herr Ribbe at Panama, which agrees closely with a male from Mr. Bates's collection taken on the Tapajos river. We notice, however, that the vicinity of the anal lobe of the secondaries on the underside has more red in the Panama than in the Amazon examples.

24. T. CLARINA section.

162. *Thecla clarina*.

Thecla clarina, Hew. Ill. Diurn. Lep. p. 173, t. 68. ff. 497, 498¹.

Alis nigricanti-fuscis; posticis dimidio costali nitide cæruleo ad costam argenteo, lobulo anali rubido: subtus fulvis, linea discali communi distincta alba introrsum rufo limbata in posticis a ramo mediano primo ad costam fere recta ad marginem internum angulata, linea altera submarginali fusca marginem internum versus introrsum argenteo limbata, lobulo anali nigro introrsum rubido, macula nigra juxta eum albo atomata, macula magna inter ramos medianos rubida puncto nigro.

♀ alis fuscis; posticis cæruleo lavatis, aliter alis maris similibus.

Hab. MEXICO¹ (*Mus. Brit.*), Jalapa (*W. Schaus*); GUATEMALA, Polochic valley (*F. D. G. & O. S.*); PANAMA, Calobre (*Arcé*).

This species was described from Mexican specimens; but it is found southward as far as the State of Panama. The colour of the upper surface of the wings is not unlike that of *T. atrius*, but is restricted to the costal half of the secondaries; beneath, the clearly defined white discal band crossing both wings is a very conspicuous feature.

163. *Thecla tamos*, sp. n. (Tab. LVII. figg. 16, 17 ♀.)

Alis nigricanti-fuscis; posticis plaga cærulea discali, maculis duabus submarginalibus nigricantibus, lobulo anali medialiter rufo: subtus cervinis, linea communi discali fusca in anticis obsolete in posticis præcipue ad costam late albo extrorsum limbata ad marginem internum rufo introrsum indistincte limbata, linea altera submarginali lunulata fusca introrsum albo limbata, lobulo anali nigro, macula nigra juxta eum albo atomata, macula magna inter ramos medianos rubra puncto nigro.

♀ mari similis, colore cæruleo alarum ad basin posticarum magis extenso.