

3. *Amphonyx rivularis*.

Amphonyx rivularis, Butl. P.Z. S. 1875, p. 11¹; Trans. Z. S. ix. p. 599, t. 94. f. 6.

Hab. NICARAGUA, Chontales (*Belt, mus. Oxf.*); PANAMA, Chiriqui (*Arcé, mus. D.*).—AMAZONS, Ega¹.

This species is easily distinguished from all other members of the genus by the green shade of the primaries.

4. *Amphonyx cluentius*.

Sphinx cluentius, Cr. Pap. Ex. i. t. 78. f. B¹.

Hab. PANAMA, Chiriqui (*mus. Staudinger*).—GUIANA, Surinam¹; BRAZIL, Rio (*mus. D.*).

I include this species on Dr. Staudinger's authority.

ANCERYX.

Anceryx, Walk. Cat. viii. p. 222 (1856).

This genus, as restricted by Mr. Butler, contains two closely-allied species, both belonging to the Neotropical Region. One only of these occurs within our limits.

1. *Anceryx alope*.

Sphinx alope, Drury, Ill. Nat. Hist. i. t. 27. f. 1¹.

Hab. PANAMA, Chiriqui (*Ribbé*).—ANTILLES, Jamaica¹; ECUADOR (*mus. D.*); S.E. BRAZIL (*mus. D.*).

I have only seen a single example of this species from Central America, taken near Chiriqui. It agrees in all respects with a large series of specimens from Ecuador.

ISOGNATHUS.

Isognathus, Felder, Wien. ent. Mon. vi. p. 187 (1862).

Mr. Butler places nine species in this genus, all being found in South America, one only as yet having been recorded from Panama.

1. *Isognathus scyron*.

Sphinx scyron, Cr. Pap. Ex. iv. t. 301. f. B¹.

Hab. PANAMA, Chiriqui (*mus. Staudinger*).—GUIANA, Surinam¹.

I have not seen a Central-American specimen of this species, but include it on the authority of Dr. Staudinger.

DILOPHONOTA.

Dilophonota, Burmeister, Abhandl. naturf. Gesellsch. Halle, p. 69 (1855).

Very close to the two preceding genera. It contains about eleven species, six of which occur within our region.