

Palindia punctangulata (I. p. 319).

To the localities given, add:—MEXICO, Jalapa (*M. Trujillo*), Orizaba (*Boucard, in mus. D.*); COSTA RICA, Candelaria Mts. (*Underwood*).

Palindia micca (I. p. 319).

To the localities given, add:—MEXICO, Jalapa (*M. Trujillo*); COSTA RICA, Santa Clara Valley 1200 feet (*Zürcher*).

11 (A). **Palindia evadens**, sp. n. (Tab. XCVI. fig. 4.)

Primaries primrose-yellow, crossed near the base from the costal to the inner margin by a zigzag slate-coloured band, and with a small similarly-coloured spot on the costal margin close to the base and another near the apex, and two narrow brown lines extending from the anal angle partly across the wing, the marginal line black externally near the apex, the fringe yellow; secondaries pale yellowish-white, with a dark yellow streak about the centre, the middle of the outer margin irrorated with some bluish-grey scales: head, collar, tegulae, thorax, and abdomen pale primrose-yellow, the antennae brown. Expanse 1 inch.

Hab. MEXICO, Jalapa (*M. Trujillo*); GUATEMALA, Guatemala city (*Rodriguez*).

Allied to *P. perducens*, Walk., but quite distinct.

Palindia deva (I. p. 320).

To the localities given, add:—GUATEMALA, Guatemala city (*Rodriguez*); COSTA RICA, Candelaria Mts. (*Underwood*).

14. **Palindia egista**.

Dyomyx egista, Bar, Ann. Soc. Ent. Fr. 1876, p. 439¹.

Palindia egista, Bar, loc. cit. t. 7. fig. 28.

Hab. MEXICO, Jalapa (*M. Trujillo*).—GUIANA¹; AMAZONS.

One specimen of this species has been received from Jalapa, agreeing with others from the Upper Amazons in my own collection.

15. **Palindia viridissima**.

Palindia viridissima, Bar, Ann. Soc. Ent. Fr. 1876, p. 248, t. 5. fig. 21¹.

Hab. COSTA RICA, Candelaria Mts. (*Underwood*).—GUIANA¹.

DYOMYX (I. p. 320).

Dyomyx lineata (I. p. 320).

To the localities given, add:—COSTA RICA, Candelaria Mts. (*Underwood*).

2. **Dyomyx zates**, sp. n. (Tab. XCVI. fig. 8.)

Male. Primaries pale brown, crossed about the middle from the costal to the inner margin by a wide dark brown band, which becomes narrower towards the inner margin and is edged on each side with a white line, and with a dark brown line beyond the cell partly crossing the wing from the costal margin, a submarginal row of indistinct dark brown spots extending from the apex to the anal angle, and a yellowish-brown mark close to the anal angle, the wing outside the median band thickly irrorated with