

Antennae $\frac{2}{3}$, slightly serrate towards apex; basal joint without pecten. *Labial Palpi* long, smooth, recurved; terminal and median joints about equal in length. *Maxillary Palpi* short. *Haustellum* well-developed. *Ocelli* present. *Head* and *Thorax* smooth. *Forewings* narrow at the base, somewhat widened outwardly, costa slightly arched near the base, apex scarcely depressed, pointed, termen sinuate, very oblique, tornus rounded: *neuration* 12 veins; 7 and 8 stalked, to costa; 2-6 separate, 2 remote from 3. *Hindwings* 1, costa straight, apex obtusely pointed, termen slightly sinuate, dorsum parallel with costa: *neuration* 8 veins; 3 and 4 connate; 5 cubital; 6 and 7 connate. *Abdomen* smooth. *Legs* smooth; hind tibiae slightly haired above.

This genus is separable from *Acompsia* Hb. (= *Brachycrossata* Hnmn.) by the position of vein FW: 2, as also by its general structure and appearance.

1. *Diastaltica separabilis*, sp. n. (Tab. I. fig. 29.)

Antennae pale cinereous, annulate with dark brown. *Palpi* pale cinereous. *Head* and *Thorax* brownish grey; face pale cinereous. *Forewings* dark bronzy brown, a pale aeneous band, commencing at the base of the costa, is dilated downward to the dorsum, and continued outward along it to the middle, where it is turned upward to the fold, joining the inner branch of a shining steel-grey furcate fascia, which, descending from the costa, scarcely beyond the middle, encloses an elongate, transverse, brown spot, near its outer side on the cell; this is preceded, halfway to the base, by an outwardly oblique, shining, steel-grey, metallic, cuneiform costal blotch; a sinuate band of the same colour commences with the costal cilia, suddenly angulated outward below them, and diffused along the lower half of the termen; between the outer and the central fascia, as also on the dorsum between the forks of the latter, the dark ground-colour is thickly sprinkled with golden-brown scales; terminal cilia whitish cinereous, with a pure white patch below the apex, a dark brown line along their base; costal and tornal cilia brown. *Exp. al.* 13 mm. *Hindwings* dull brown; cilia with a slight greyish tinge, especially toward the apex. *Abdomen* dark bronzy brownish grey, with a white ring around the base of the genital segment. *Legs* dark brown, with two broad white bands around the tibiae, and four smaller ones around the tarsi; spurs white.

Type ♂ (65725) Mus. Wlsm. (*Godm-Salv. Coll.*).

Hab. GUATEMALA: Volcan de Agua, 8500-10,500 ft., 13. I. 1881 (*G. C. Champion*).
Unique.

ANACAMPSIS Crt.

= *TACHYPTILIA* Hnmn.

Type: [*Ph. Tinea*] *populella* Cl. (Crt. 1827).

ANACAMPSIS Crt. Br. Ent. 4 expl. Pl. 189 (1827); Stph. Ill. Br. Ent. Haust. 4 204-17 no. 320 sp. 1-47 (1834), 400 (1835); Dp. Ann. Soc. Ent. Fr. 7 139-40 no. 17 (1838); HN. Lp. Fr. 11 18, 266-80 no. 17 (1838); Wstwd. Syn. Gn. Br. Ins. 110 (1840); HS. SB. Schm. Eur. 5 11, 43 no. 67 Pf. 12 36-8 (1853), 189-203 sp. 506-64 (1854). *TACHYPTILIA* Hnmn. Schm. Deutsch. Tin. 189, 321-3 no. 438 sp. 485-71 (1870), Tbl. 5, 45 no. 438 (1876); Z. Hor. Soc. Ent. Ross. 13 361-3 no. 20-1 Pf. 5 121-2 (1877); Snln. Vlind. Nederl. Micr. 428, 611-13 no. 42 sp. 1-2 Pf. 8 262, 265 (1882); Meyr. HB. Br. Lp. 569, 604 no. 13 sp. 1-2 (1895); Stgr-Rbl. Cat. Lp. Pal. 2 151 no. 307 sp. 2776-83 (1901). ANACAMPSIS Wlsm. Ent. Mo. Mag. 31 41, 43 (1895); Pr. Z. Soc. Lond. 1897 79-82 no. 17 sp. 58-64 (1897); Drnt. Ent. Mo. Mag. 33 221 (1897); Busck Bull. US. Nat. Mus. 52 509-11 no. 5701-13 (1902); Pr. US. Nat. Mus. 23 230-1 Pf. 1 6 (1900); 25 773, 844-51, 935 Pf. 31 28 (1903); 27 760-1 (1904); Can. Ent. 38 121 (1906); Pr. Ent. Soc. Wash. 11 88 (1909).

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