

1. *Tiridates mexicanus*.

Pachycoris mexicanus, H.-S. Wanz. Ins. iv. p. 3. f. 343; Germ. Zeitschr. i. 1, p. 89. 12.

Pachycoris flavicinctus, H.-S. Wanz. Ins. iv. p. 8. f. 351; Germ. Zeitschr. i. 1, p. 163. 43.

Tiridates mexicanus, Stål, En. Hem. i. p. 13.

Hab. MEXICO.

I have followed Stål in considering the two above forms as conspecific, but have been unable at present to examine specimens.

2. *Tiridates rubro-cinctus*.

Pachycoris rubro-cinctus, H.-S. Wanz. Ins. iv. p. 9. f. 352; Germ. Zeitschr. i. p. 103. 44.

Agonosoma rubro-cinctum, Stål, Stett. ent. Zeit. xxiii. p. 83. 13¹.

Hab. MEXICO¹.

Although very dissimilar above in general markings and coloration to *T. mexicanus*, I have had no opportunity of examining the structural characters of the two species, and therefore admit it here provisionally. Stål seems to have had doubts as to its specific character, as, although admitting it to that rank, he writes "abdomine pedibusque nigris a precedente divergens; an specifice distinctus?"

HOMÆMUS.

Homæmus, Dallas, List Hem. i. p. 36 (1851); Stål, Öfv. Vet.-Ak. Förh. 1867, p. 494.

This is generally a Nearctic genus. Several species have lately been described from that region; and more doubtless remain to be discovered. Three species have as yet been recorded from Central America; but one has also been received from Colombia, and two are common to the southern portion of the Nearctic fauna.

The principal character of this genus is the produced anterior margin of the sternum concealing the base of the antennæ.

1. *Homæmus grammicus*.

Tetyra grammicus, Wolff, Ic. cim. v. p. 172. f. 166, excl. syn.

Pachycoris parvulus, Germ. Zeitschr. i. p. 107. 53¹; H.-S. Wanz. Ins. v. p. 54. f. 501.

Homæmus parvulus, Dall. List Hem. i. p. 36. 2²; Stål, En. Hem. i. p. 14³.

Hab. NORTH AMERICA, Carolina¹, East Florida²; TEXAS³.—MEXICO³.

Wolff, in describing and figuring the species as above, gave the locality as Africa ("Hab. in Africa, Mus. D. D. Panzer"), thus following Fabricius, with whose *Tetyra grammica* he confounded his own species. They are, however, not congeneric—Stål, who had possibly examined the type, placing the *T. grammica*, Wolff, in the genus *Homæmus*, whilst the *T. grammica*, Fab., belongs to the genus *Odontotarsus*. It is