

1. **Tynacantha pulchricornis.** (Tab. IV. fig. 3.)

Telepta pulchricornis, Stål, Stett. ent. Zeit. xxiii. p. 90. 32¹.

Tynacantha pulchricornis, Stål, En. Hem. i. p. 56. 3.

Hab. MEXICO¹.

The specimen figured is from Mexico, and is in the collection of Dr. Signoret.

Subfam. *CYRTOCORINÆ*.

Oxynotidæ, Dallas, List Hem. i. p. 74 (1851).

Oxynotina, Stål, En. Hem. ii. p. 3 (1872).

This subfamily contains but one genus, which comprises five known species, all confined to the Neotropical Region, of which but two have as yet been recorded from Central America.

CYRTOCORIS.

Cyrtocoris, White, Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. iii. p. 89 (1842).

Coptosoma, subg. *Oxynotus*, Lap. Ess. Hém. p. 74 (1832).

Oxynotus, Dall. List Hem. i. p. 75 (1851); Stål, En. Hem. ii. p. 3 (1872).

The name *Oxynotus* having been used in ornithology by Swainson in 1831, and by a less followed writer, Rafinesque, in Pisces in 1810, it is clearly right to follow Adam White, and use the name he substituted. This genus is of somewhat aberrant form from all the allied genera; the more or less hexagonal thorax and the scutellum, which does not cover the margins of the wings and is spinous on its disk, are well-marked characters by which it may be identified. The tarsi are two-jointed.

1. **Cyrtocoris gibbus.**

Tetyra gibba, Fabr. Syst. Rhynch. p. 141. 63; Schjödte in Kröyer, Nat. Tidsskr. iv. p. 303. 21.

Oxynotus gibbus, Lap. Ess. Hém. p. 74, pl. 55. f. 6; Hahn, Wanz. Ins. iii. p. 28, f. 250¹; Germ. Zeitschr. i. p. 44. 1²; A. & S. Hist. des Hém. p. 59. 1³; Dall. List Hem. i. p. 75. 1⁴; Stål, Hem. Fabr. i. p. 15. 1; En. Hem. ii. p. 3. 1⁵.

Podops gibbus, Burm. Handb. ii. 1, p. 386. 1⁶; Blanch. Hist. iii. p. 160. 1. Stoll, Pun. f. 281.

Hab. GUATEMALA, Zapote (*Champion*).—COLOMBIA⁴; VENEZUELA⁴; BRAZIL^{1 2 3 4 5}, Rio Janeiro^{5 6}.

2. **Cyrtocoris trigonus.**

Oxynotus trigonus, Germ. Zeitschr. i. p. 44. 2¹; Stål, En. Hem. ii. p. 3. 2².

Hab. MEXICO².—COLOMBIA²; BRAZIL¹, Minas Geraes², Rio Janeiro².

This species is included in the fauna from the record of Prof. Stål. We have neither received this insect from Central America, nor have I yet been able to examine a specimen. It should be readily distinguished from the last species by the character given by Germar, "*scutello tuberculo trigono, apice truncato.*"