

6. *Chlorocoris aberrans*, n. sp. (Tab. V. fig. 24.)

Oblong, pale green, thickly punctate and obscurely rugulose. Head transversely striated, lateral lobes a little longer than central, rounded at apexes and slightly cleft; lateral margins narrowly black. Antennæ ochreous, second and third joints subequal in length, remainder wanting. Pronotum with the lateral angles produced moderately upwards and forwards, the apexes and hind margins of the spines black; lateral crenulated margins ochreous. Membrane pale vitreous; connexivum with the segmental incisures black. Underside of body slightly paler in hue; legs luteous; rostrum pale luteous, with the tip pitchy and just passing hind coxæ. Abdomen distinctly and sharply sulcated at base.

Long. 20 millim.; lat. pronot. ang. 11 millim.

Hab. COSTA RICA, Irazu (*Rogers*).

The elongated body and short blunt pronotal angles readily differentiate this species from others of the genus. It is most closely allied to *C. subrugosus*, but is distinguished by the different shape of the scutellum.

7. *Chlorocoris championi*, n. sp. (*Loxa championi*, Tab. VI. fig. 23.)

Green, thickly and coarsely punctured. Head with the lateral lobes longer than the central, rounded at the apexes and moderately cleft. Antennæ pale green, with the apical third of the second and third and the apical half of the fourth and fifth joints black; second joint much shorter than third; third, fourth, and fifth joints subequal. Rostrum luteous, with the apex narrowly black and just passing the intermediate coxæ. Pronotum with the lateral angles strongly produced, the spines somewhat directed upwards and pitchy towards apex; lateral crenulated margins dark orange. Scutellum with a small basal central orange spot. Corium with the basal margin dark orange; membrane vitreous, with some obscure pitchy suffusions. Connexivum with the outer margin narrowly dark orange. Body beneath paler, deeply but sparingly punctate.

Long. 17 millim.; lat. pronot. ang. 10 millim.

Hab. GUATEMALA, Sabo and Pancina, Vera Paz (*Champion*).

The abdomen beneath is only obscurely sulcated towards the base. It is at once separated from the preceding species by the very different shape of the pronotum and the proportionally greater width and lesser length of the same. One specimen, received from Pancina, is much paler and more mottled than examples received from Sabo.

8. *Chlorocoris irroratus*, n. sp. (Tab. VII. fig. 16.)

Pale green, rugulose, mottled and irrorated with luteous. Head somewhat elongate and depressed, the lateral lobes a little longer than the central, and slightly cleft at apex. Antennæ dull greenish, third joint longest, fourth and fifth a little thickened and subequal in length. Pronotum with the lateral angles acutely and sharply produced, luteous, and finely punctured with black; lateral crenulated margins and a somewhat faint central longitudinal line pale orange. Posterior lateral margins of scutellum obscurely luteous. Connexivum luteous, with a small black spot on each segmental incisure. Membrane pale vitreous. Body beneath somewhat paler; rostrum pale green, about reaching posterior coxæ. Abdomen faintly and obscurely sulcated at base.

Long. 16 millim.; lat. pronot. ang. 10 millim.

Hab. MEXICO (*Bilimek*; *Mus. Vind. Cæs.*, *Mus. Berol.*).

This species is very distinct, its more convex body and rugulose and irrorated surface being in strong contrast with the common facies of the genus. A second specimen