

One example. Easily separable from *M. angustatus*, ♂, by the shorter and stouter apical joint of the antennæ, and the broad, excised lateral angles of the pronotum. Very similar to *M. macilentus*, Westw., but differing from it in the emarginate and more convex lateral angles of the pronotum (*fide* Handlirsch).

8. **Macrocephalus inæqualis**, n. sp. (Tab. IV. fig. 20, ♀.)

Macrocephalus inæqualis, Champ., Handl. Ann. k. k. naturhist. Hofmus. xii. p. 197, t. 9. fig. 35 (antenna)¹.

♀. Comparatively short, broad; obscure rufo-testaceous, the lateral angles of the pronotum paler, the scutellum with a large patch on each side at the base ochraceous and the median carina flavous in front; the connexivum rufo-fuscous, each of the segments bordered with black externally at the middle, and with the outer anterior and posterior angles testaceous; the antennæ fusco-ferruginous; the legs fusco-testaceous, the femora reddish; the body beneath rufo-testaceous; above and beneath, the basal joints of the antennæ, the coxæ and femora, and the two hinder tibiæ, studded with smooth granules, those on the pronotum, scutellum, and connexivum very minute and widely scattered; the posterior half of the pronotum and the basal portion of the scutellum somewhat coarsely, and the rest of the scutellum closely and finely, punctured. Antennæ short and stout, joint 4 ovate, as long as 2 and 3 united, the latter subequal. Pronotum rather broadly dilated at the sides, the lateral angles slightly excised (forming two very short obtuse teeth) and with their anterior margin feebly dilated and reflexed at the middle; the two dorsal carinæ short, very little raised, slightly converging in front, and reaching the anterior lobe. Scutellum narrowing from the middle forwards, with a smooth sharp median carina, which is thickened at the base. Abdomen broad-oval, the connexivum wide and rounded externally.

Length $6\frac{1}{2}$, breadth 3 millim.

Hab. MEXICO, Omilteme in Guerrero 8000 feet (*H. H. Smith*¹).

One example, evidently discoloured. Very like *M. stâli*, Handl.; but differing from the female of that species in the much more finely punctured pronotum and scutellum, as well as in the shape of the lateral angles of the pronotum, these having their oblique anterior margin slightly dilated and reflexed at the middle. In certain lights the ochraceous patch at the base of the scutellum appears to be limited posteriorly by an oblique darker stripe. The insect is unknown to Herr Handlirsch.

9. **Macrocephalus stâli**. (Tab. IV. figg. 21, ♂; 22, ♀.)

Macrocephalus lepidus, Stål, Stett. ent. Zeit. 1862, p. 440¹; Enum. Hemipt. v. p. 135² (part.).

Macrocephalus stâli, Handl. Ann. k. k. naturhist. Hofmus. xii. p. 195³.

Hab. MEXICO (*Sallé and Boucard, in Mus. Holm.*^{1 2}; *Boucard in Mus. Oxon.*: ♂), Chilpancingo in Guerrero³ (*H. H. Smith*³: ♂ ♀).

Var. Pronotum more depressed behind, the anterior lobe more feebly spiculate at the sides; scutellum in the male sometimes entirely black, the short streak on the median carina at the base excepted. (♂ ♀.)

Hab. MEXICO, Guanajuato³ (*Dugès, in Mus. Roy. Belg.*).

Two species were confused by Stål under the name *M. lepidus*, the name *M. stâli* being applied to one of them by Handlirsch. Of the latter we have received numerous examples of both sexes from Guerrero, the males agreeing perfectly with the types of *M. lepidus* in the Stockholm Museum, communicated by Dr. Aurivillius. Those in the Signoret collection, communicated by Herr Handlirsch, agree best with his