

Teapa (*H. H. Smith*); GUATEMALA, Senahu and San Gerónimo in Vera Paz, Cerro Zunil, Las Mercedes, Dueñas (*Champion*); NICARAGUA, Chontales (*Janson*).

Not rare in Guatemala. Varies in colour, as noted by Dr. Reuter, the head, pronotum, scutellum, and body being sometimes piceous, and the cuneus slightly infusate. The legs, however, are constantly pale. The embolium is rather narrow throughout, it being only about one-third of the width of the corium at the apex. From the similarly-coloured species of *Cardiastethus* it may be distinguished by the less deeply emarginate base of the pronotum. The Mexican types have been seen.

3. *Asthenidea picta*.

Lasiochilus pictus, Uhler, P. Z. S. 1894, pp. 156, 157, 200¹.

Hab. MEXICO, Teapa in Tabasco (*H. H. Smith*).—ANTILLES, St. Vincent and Grenada¹.

Two specimens. In this insect the elytra are dull and very finely pubescent, ochreous in colour, with the cuneus in great part fuscous or black; the apical half of the scutellum is opaque; the orifice of the metastethium is short and curved forward; the pronotum is piceous (as in some of the Antillean examples) and margined at the sides; and the legs are pale.

4. *Asthenidea bifasciata*, n. sp. (Tab. XIX. figg. 13, 13 *a*.)

Ovate, shining, the apex of the scutellum opaque, finely pubescent and also clothed with long, scattered, erect hairs; testaceous or rufo-testaceous, the scutellum and the meso- and metasternum piceous or fuscous, the head sometimes slightly infusate, the eyes black; the elytra ochreous, with a broad irregular transverse fascia across the middle of the coriaceous portion, and the cuneus, except along the outer margin, fuscous, the membrane slightly infusate; the antennæ, legs, and rostrum testaceous, the basal half of the latter piceous. Head smooth, as broad as long, the eyes rather small; rostrum reaching the intermediate coxæ; antennæ with joints 1 and 2 rather slender, 2 thickened at the apex, three times as long as 1, and longer than 3 or 4, the latter very slender, joints 2-4 shortly pilose and also with long projecting hairs. Pronotum moderately narrowed anteriorly, the sides obsoletely margined towards the apex, the anterior angles rounded and deflexed; smooth, the posterior lobe depressed on the disc in front and faintly transversely rugulose. Scutellum transversely rugose behind. Elytra with the clavus and inner half of the corium closely, finely punctate; the embolium narrow, at the apex less than one-third the width of the corium. Orifice of the metastethium moderately long, curved forward externally.

Length $2\frac{1}{4}$ millim. (♀.)

Hab. PANAMA, David and Tolé in Chiriqui (*Champion*).

Four specimens. This insect closely resembles Dr. Reuter's figure of *Calliodis picturata* (Stål), from Brazil, described from a single mutilated example, which he places amongst the "species et genera sedis incertæ" at the end of the Anthocorinæ in his Monograph. It differs, however, in being less elongate, the pronotum is more deeply emarginate at the base, the rostrum is shorter (extending to the posterior coxæ in *Calliodis*), and the hind angles of the pronotum are not broadly infusate.